EXHIBIT 1

REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT SOUGHT TO BE SEALED

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.,	Case No. 5:14-cv-05344-BLF (PSG)		
Plaintiff,			
v.	OPENING EXPERT REPORT OF WILLIAM M. SEIFERT		
ARISTA NETWORKS, INC.,			
Defendant.			

CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER

Executed on the 3 of June 2016 in Wellesley, Massachusetts.

/ William M. Seifert

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u> 1</u>	<u>Page</u>
I.	INTRO	ODUCTION	1
II.	SUMN	MARY OF OPINIONS	2
III.	PROF	ESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS	5
IV.	EVID	ENCE CONSIDERED	10
V.		RISE OF THE COMPUTER NETWORKING INDUSTRY AND STRY STANDARDS	11
	A.	Computer networking reinforced the need to share technologies openly and to allow vendors to coalesce around <i>de jure</i> (official) and <i>de facto</i> standards.	11
	B.	With the advent of computer networking came an emphasis on interoperability and the rise of <i>de facto</i> standards in product development	16
VI.		VTH OF THE CLI AS A STANDARD INTERFACE FOR TROLLING NETWORK DEVICES	22
VII.		D'S DEVELOPMENT AND PROMOTION OF A <i>DE FACTO</i> DARD CLI	30
VIII.		EFFECT OF ARISTA'S USE OF ASSERTED ASPECTS OF THE CLI ON MARKET FOR CISCO IOS	38
	A.	The evolving market for Ethernet switching.	39
	B.	Market share data suggests that the use of an IOS-like CLI by Arista has not been a cause of market harm to Cisco.	50

- 1. Arista has engaged me to provide expert testimony to assist the jury on matters
- related to Cisco's allegations of copyright infringement and Arista's defenses to those

allegations. I understand that Cisco has alleged that Arista's use of certain features or aspects of

Cisco's Command Line Interface (CLI) that Cisco claims is covered by copyright constitutes

copyright infringement. When I write in reference to Cisco's CLI, I am referring to all of the

aspects of the CLI that Cisco alleges Arista copied: the identified CLI commands, the asserted

hierarchies of those commands, the command modes and prompts, and the identified command

response elements.

2. Arista has asked me to provide expert testimony as to several topics. First, Arista

has asked me to provide background explanation regarding the development of the networking

industry and the importance of interoperability in the growth of that industry. In particular I

have been asked to comment about the development of *de facto* standards in the computer

industry generally, and in the networking industry in particular.

3. Second, Arista asked that I provide background concerning the use of CLIs

generally, and the growth of the adoption of CLI as a means for managing network equipment.

In this regard, I have been asked to opine as to whether Cisco's CLI has, at least prior to Cisco

filing this lawsuit, become a *de facto* industry standard interface in the networking industry, that

Cisco has in fact benefitted from its CLI being incorporated into other vendors' products over the

years, and to explain why, as a matter of business judgment, it has been and will continue to be

reasonable for a copyright holder in Cisco's position to allow and even encourage the adoption

of its CLI as an industry standard.

4. Lastly, I have been asked to provide a background explanation of the market

segments in which Arista competes, and to evaluate what, if any, effect Arista's use of the CLI

features in which Cisco claims copyright has had on the market for Cisco's asserted copyrighted works. I understand that Cisco's asserted works are not "the CLI" but rather various versions of Cisco's entire operating systems, including IOS and NX-OS, and associated documentation.

II. SUMMARY OF OPINIONS

- 5. Since its beginnings, computer networking has been based on industry standards. This is largely because the Internet—a direct descendent of the Advanced Research Projects Agency Network (ARPANET)—is a product of the university research community, which promotes the open sharing of ideas and results. The creation of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) in the 1980s in particular provided engineers with an open forum to freely exchange ideas, many of which were then borrowed and implemented. Eventually, the IETF became the organization responsible for creating the specifications of the Internet.
- 6. This report focuses on the development of *de facto* industry standards—ones that emerge over time as a result of widespread adoption throughout a given industry—as opposed to standards that have been defined and approved by standards organizations or standards that are set and owned by a single company. Early examples of *de facto* industry standards include the software protocol TCP/IP, which was incorporated in University of California, Berkeley's version of UNIX, 4.2BSD—which itself became a *de facto* industry standard due to its widespread adoption. Together, the two formed the genesis of today's Internet.
- 7. Many modern-day networking companies can trace their origins to these early days, when innovation was driven by the collective efforts of the networking community rather by any single vendor or entity. Cisco is no exception. Cisco is rooted in Stanford University's efforts to build a university-wide network. Its cofounders were two Stanford University employees who built a business that profits, in part, from the open industry standards that

Cisco's products are based in. Cisco's own routers incorporate many *de facto* industry standard 4BSD applications and commands.

- 8. Early on, router vendors each implemented their own command line interface (CLI) design, which is the human interface for interacting with a computer's operating system through text commands and responses. Vendors like Digital and Proteon implemented some of the first CLI commands which found their way into routers. Cisco did not develop its own CLI until the early 1990s. Much of Cisco's CLI design was substantially influenced by its predecessors. Other vendors designed their CLIs to employ common English commands with multiple keywords, many of which were industry terms then in existence, including some acronyms. Cisco's CLI design draws heavily from those of other router and network equipment manufacturers.
- 9. Network engineers undertake costly and time-consuming training to learn vendors' products, including a CLI. As networks grew in size and number, customers began to demand a standard CLI for networked devices, including switches and routers. An industry-standard CLI reduces training time and expense, reduces human error, and improves productivity. As Cisco's market share grew, Cisco's CLI was widely accepted as an industry standard.
- 10. Cisco capitalized on this development by promoting its CLI as *the* industry standard. Through this promotion, Cisco projected an image of leadership, continuity, and consistency. This provided a clever means of convincing customers that they would not be locked into Cisco's products. The customer retained the flexibility to purchase competing products, with assurance that the Cisco industry-standard CLI offered efficient operation of each

device in a multi-vendor network. These factors served to reinforce Cisco's dominant market position.

- Cisco's. Companies like Hewlett Packard, Dell, Blade Network Technologies, and Nortel promoted the benefits of a "Cisco-like" or "industry standard" CLI in their marketing efforts. Cisco's CLI became a *de facto* industry standard. Cisco was aware that this was happening and clearly benefitted from it. Had this not occurred, Cisco might have watched another vendor's CLI emerge as the *de facto* industry standard. Cisco might have had to align its products with a different CLI— another vendor's industry-standard CLI. The promotion of its CLI as an industry standard was necessary for Cisco to maintain its market leadership.
- 12. Cisco has acquired or developed products that utilize the commands, keywords, and data structures of other vendors' CLIs. Cisco recognizes that it does not dominate every segment of the networking marketplace. For those market segments, Cisco's products must seamlessly integrate with other vendors' products to satisfy their customers. Integrating other vendors' CLI commands, keywords, etc., into its products has become a business imperative for Cisco.
- 13. An industry-standard CLI is not the driver of any single vendor's success, however. Customers' networks place great demands on vendor equipment particularly on performance, resiliency, and reliability. Customers also demand quality and support at a competitive price. Arista's products, for example, are well-known for their sustained high throughput performance, low latency and jitter. Arista's products are power efficient, reducing customers' cost of operation and ownership. Arista's products are designed around an

architecture that accelerates delivering new products to market, enables customization, with superior resiliency and reliability.

14. The market share and customer decision-making evidence from Arista customers strongly suggests that Cisco has not suffered economic harm from Arista's use of a *de facto* industry-standard CLI. Products from Cisco's competitors that most closely resemble Cisco's industry-standard CLI have had a negligible impact on Cisco's market share. Arista's success in the markets that it serves has come about due to performance, features, and product and service attributes that serve the growing cloud computing market better than the competition, not from having a common CLI.

III. PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Ethernet was the first commercially successful local networking technology, and I was the first engineer hired by an Ethernet pioneer, Interlan, Inc., in 1981. I was also co-founder of an early router manufacturer, Wellfleet Communications, in 1986. I went on to start a third networking company, Agile Networks, in 1991, and became a professional investor in several networking companies (1998-2009). I have witnessed first-hand the evolution of this industry—from the installation of early Ethernets, to Wellfleet's deployment of the first multiprotocol router-bridge used to interconnect many of those Ethernets, and finally the rapid growth of early enterprise and carrier internetworks which have transformed into the modern Internet. I also observed the Cisco CLI emerge as a *de facto* industry standard, implemented by dozens of vendors, to Cisco's economic benefit and promoting its market dominance. I have direct experience setting corporate strategy including product development and strategy, assessing customer demands and preferences and analyzing markets and market trends in the networking industry.

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF

- 16. While employed by Digital Equipment Corporation (Digital) from 1979 to 1981, among other product responsibilities, I was tasked with representing the LSI-11 Product Group as the Group's reviewer of the Digital-Intel-Xerox Ethernet Specification 1.0, published in September 1980. This specification was the basis for virtually every Ethernet installed since.
- 17. I left Digital in the spring of 1981 to become a co-founder of and design engineer for Interlan, Inc., Chelmsford, Mass, an early manufacturer of Ethernet controller, software and system products. At Interlan, I was involved in writing much of the firmware and software for several Interlan products including the NM-10 Ethernet network module, the NTS-10 Network Terminal Server, device drivers for the Q-bus and Multibus Ethernet controllers, and much of the network protocol software based on Xerox Network Systems (XNS) specifications.
- 18. Interlan was responsible for providing several hundred customers' Ethernet installations, and it became apparent to me by 1984 that we had created a problem for those customers—namely, we lacked a compelling technological solution to the interconnection of those Ethernets within an enterprise. At that time, it seemed that every new Ethernet installation would typically be carrying three or more higher level protocols—XNS, TCP/IP (the protocol that now carries all Internet traffic), DECnet, and DECnet's adjunct protocols such as MOP (Maintenance and Operations Protocol) and LAT (Local Area Terminal) which had no network layer. The absence of a network layer meant that DECnet-compatible routers could not forward them from one Ethernet to another. Bridging technology (now called "switching") existed at the time that would forward all of the traffic between interconnected Ethernets, but it had serious deficiencies that limited the scale and reliability of the resulting network. What was needed was a new way of connecting networks—internetworking—that permitted every connected device to communicate with others as though they were all on the same network.

¹ "The Ethernet, A Local Area Network," Digital-Intel-Xerox, September, 1980.

- Systems, Simi Valley, California. In May 1986, I founded Wellfleet Communications with four ex-Interlan colleagues. Wellfleet was the first vendor to combine multi-protocol routing with bridging technology in a single product. This solved the problem that we had helped to create at Interlan and greatly simplified the creation of richly connected Ethernets into a cohesive enterprise network within a large building, across a campus, or over large distances. We accomplished this by employing a variety of technologies including T-1 leased circuits, X.25 networks, FDDI, 802.5/IBM token ring networks, etc. to support multi-vendor computing environments including those from Digital, Data General, IBM, Apple Computer, Apollo Computer, Sun Microsystems, Xerox STAR and Alto systems, and the IBM PC. Each of these systems employed different network protocols—DECnet, TCP/IP, XNS, Novell, AppleTalk and others—which required specific routing (or bridging) software to permit compatible computers to communicate with one another throughout the customer's enterprise.
- 20. Wellfleet Communications became the number one competitor to Cisco Systems with the release of our first products in the summer of 1988. Wellfleet was consistently number two to Cisco in terms of market share of routers for several years. We competed with Cisco on the basis of performance, completeness of multi-vendor protocol support, scalability, reliability, and ease of installation and service. Wellfleet was also an early entrant in the carrier router market with customer wins at MCI, Sprint, Bell Atlantic, and others. Because our hardware system design was based on loosely-coupled, symmetric multiprocessing, it was particularly adept at providing consistently high performance in routing (layer 3) or bridging (layer 2) traffic between networks. This meant that our customers could decide at installation time to "bridge today, route tomorrow" based on their individual technical requirements and network design

criteria. This flexibility made Wellfleet's products appealing to a significant segment of the enterprise router market. By the fall of 1993, Wellfleet had approximately 17% of the multivendor router market.²

- 21. I was an active participant in the IETF—the Internet Engineering Task Force—in particular as a member of the Benchmark Working Group (BMWG) chaired by Scott Bradner of Harvard University. The purposes of this Working Group were to: define the types of measurements needed to characterize router performance; provide a set of terms and their definitions for describing a router's performance, e.g., throughput, latency; and describe the methods employed to measure a router's performance characteristics in a reproducible manner. I drafted several definitions of measurement terms, proposed some of the methodology for testing routers and bridges, and wrote portions of the group's final report, published in July 1991, as RFC 1242, "Benchmarking Terminology for Network Interconnection Devices." I was also active in various conferences hosted by the IEEE 802 committee, the XNS Implementers' Group, as well as the company's first VP, Engineering, and later as the Chief Technology Officer. I spent considerable time supporting our sales and customer support organization, actively assisting in solving customer deployment problems and bug fixes.
- 22. I left Wellfleet in November 1991 to pursue another startup company, Agile Networks, as the CEO. Agile Networks, which I co-founded in late 1991 with two former Interlan colleagues, was focused on employing the emerging ATM standards into a distributed building/campus backbone switch that utilized Ethernet switching for connecting desktop computers with a 155 Mbps industry-standard ATM backbone network. We added a novel software capability that we called "Relational Networking" designed to provide a layer-3 (IP) virtual network between computers physically attached to different Ethernet segments. Agile

8

² "Routers Buyers Guide," Network World, September 27, 1993.

Networks was the first company acquired by Lucent Technologies in October 1996, shortly after its spin-out from AT&T. After serving as the President, Agile Networks Division of Lucent for a year, I left in November 1997.

- VentureWorks, to join the firm as the fifth General Partner to assist in raising the second fund, Prism II. I served as a General Partner of the firm for the next twelve years, through the raise and deployment of Prism V. I led the firm's investments in several networking ventures including: DSL.net (IPO in 2000), Telica (acquired by Lucent in 2005), Colubris Networks (acquired by HP, 2008), and Axsun Technologies (acquired by Volcano in 2009). I also assumed Prism's director seats for Collation (acquired by IBM in 2007), and SiGe Semiconductor (acquired by Skyworks Solutions in 2011). I retired as a General Partner of Prism VentureWorks at the end of 2009, retaining my active board responsibilities through 2011.
- 24. I was hired by Avaya, Inc., Basking Ridge, New Jersey, in April, 2010, as the Chief Technology Officer for the Data Solutions (later renamed Networking) Division. I was tasked initially with assisting Avaya management in enhancing the company's strategic goals and operational plans for integrating the newly acquired business, formerly the Nortel Enterprise Division. I initiated technology discussions with a number of potential partners such as Oracle that might enable Avaya to more tightly integrate its Unified Communications software products with the former Nortel switching and routing products, intending to broaden the appeal of Avaya's technologies for a larger, ultimately cloud-based, set of enterprise customers. I also assisted the former Nortel networking support engineers, Avaya distributors and resellers with a variety of customer issues, drawing upon Avaya's customer support and oftentimes design engineers for problem resolution. I participated in a number of Avaya customer symposia,

tradeshows, and other events, frequently being asked to provide my perspective on the future of data networking given my extensive background and experience in the industry.

- 25. I left Avaya in October 2013, to pursue my interest in free-agent consulting and volunteer board service principally aimed at mentoring young entrepreneurs, continuing to the present day.
- 26. I am the author of "Bridges and Routers," published by the IEEE Network periodical, a seminal article on the technology employed by Cisco and Arista Networks.
- 27. I am being compensated for my work in this litigation at the rate of \$600.00 per hour. My compensation does not depend in any way on the outcome of this litigation, nor do I have any financial interest in this case.
- 28. I have not given any testimony at trial or by deposition in the past four years. My qualifications are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

IV. EVIDENCE CONSIDERED

- 29. My opinions are based on my relevant knowledge and experience in the networking industry. I have specialized knowledge of the matters set forth herein, and if called as a witness I could and would testify competently thereto.
- 30. In forming my opinions and preparing this report, I have also considered the materials cited and listed in this report, as well as the documents listed in Exhibit B to this report. Attached hereto as Exhibits C through E are Appendix C, Appendix H.Br, and H.DE to the Opening Report of John Black.
- 31. In addition, I have had conversations with individuals who were involved in the development of certain products or possessed knowledge in specific areas of networking:
- i) Steve Collins, an early engineer hired by Wellfleet in 1987: conversation regarding network management design on May 15, 2016.

- ii) Computer scientist Dr. Marshall Kirk McKusick, who worked on the 4.2BSD file system while at the University of California at Berkeley: conversation regarding Network filesystem (NFS) and CLI development on May 24, 2016.
- iii) Software systems engineer Marten Terpstra, an employee of Wellfleet/Bay Networks/Nortel Networks/Avaya from 1995-2014: conversation regarding the design of the Bay Networks CLI implemented by Bay in 1996-1997 on May 25, 2016.
- iv) Ocean Tomo staff, including Cate Elsten—Managing Director, Nick Baciu—Director, and Calvin Sy—Associate: conversation about industry market share analysis on May 27, 2016.
- v) Computer Science professor Dr. John Black, University of Colorado at Boulder: conversation about CLI comparative analysis on May 31, 2016.
- 32. Regarding my anticipated trial testimony in this action, I may use as exhibits various documents or other materials relevant to the issues addressed in this report. I also reserve the right to use demonstrative exhibits, enlargements of actual exhibits, animation and any other kind of information in order to convey my opinions. I reserve the right to supplement my report, for example, if additional information becomes available.

V. THE RISE OF THE COMPUTER NETWORKING INDUSTRY AND INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Computer networking reinforced the need to share technologies openly and to allow vendors to coalesce around *de jure* (official) and *de facto* standards.
- 33. An industry standard prescribes a set of product characteristics that are widely adopted by either all or a significant portion of a given industry. In the networking industry, most standards exist to guarantee multi-vendor interoperability of a particular category of product. Some of these standards are created and ratified by formal standards organizations; some are standards that are created by one vendor and openly published so that others may

employ them in the design of their own products. Finally, many industry standards in the networking industry reflect customer preferences. Customers want their products to be compatible with one another for a variety of reasons, and vendors eventually settle on many common features to satisfy their customers.

- 34. As "internetworking"—defined as networks of networks—evolved from the U.S. Defense Department's ARPANET into the public Internet, more diverse networking products needed to communicate with one another. Network engineers needed to install, manage and configure an increasingly wide array of devices. These events led the industry to adopt a common set of protocols for the Internet (e.g., TCP/IP, BGP) and common methods by which to control and manage the network devices (e.g., SNMP, Cisco CLI).
- 35. Today, industry standards drive the modern networking industry. Networking standards make it possible to send an email from a Samsung Galaxy smartphone to an HP desktop computer running Windows 7, or share a wireless Canon printer between MacBook and Dell laptops, or browse the World Wide Web with an iPad. The emergence of TCP/IP as the dominant networking standard in the 1990's has made all of this possible. Today's Internet was made possible through the adoption of standards, building upon the work of the pioneers of the ARPAnet and Ethernet.
- 36. Standards that are defined and published by a vendor such as Digital are called vendor *proprietary* standards. Proprietary standards are developed to ensure that products developed by internal groups or third-party vendors will function properly in a system. This means that they are documented as formal engineering specifications, under ECO (engineering change order) control, and published for the benefit of third-party vendors who use the standard in the design of their own products. An example of a proprietary standard would be the DECnet

protocols, or the Q-bus, the electrical interface for LSI-11 compatible devices, memories, disk drives, etc.

- 37. Standards defined by recognized standards-setting organizations, such as the IETF, or the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) are known as *de jure* standards. An example of a *de jure* standard is "IEEE 802.11TM Wireless LANs" used for wireless communications within a building or campus environment.
- 38. A *de facto* standard is one that is neither *proprietary* nor *de jure*, but one that typically emerges over time owing to its widespread adoption by users.
- i) An example of a *de facto* standard is the original Ethernet standard developed by Digital, Intel, and Xerox, published in September 1980. It was widely implemented by a number of manufacturers and third-party vendors, including startups such as 3COM, Interlan, Excelan, Sun Microsystems, among many others.
- ii) Another example of a *de facto* standard is the IBM Personal Computer, first introduced in 1981. The PC was a novel product for IBM, based on an open architecture, off-the-shelf hardware components and subassemblies, with its underlying software operating system, MS-DOS, from a little-known company at the time, Microsoft. Because the PC was sold to businesses and consumers through retailers at a very affordable price, and a large number of software vendors created products to run over MS-DOS, the IBM-PC design was copied by a number of other manufacturers. These PC-compatibles were termed "clones" to mean that they were practically identical to the original. They shared the same architecture, processor, peripheral bus, device drivers, etc. The exact same software could, usually, run on the IBM-PC and any of its clones. The same add-on accessories—hard drive, printer, scanner, mouse, network, etc.—could be purchased from third-party manufacturers and integrated into the PC or

its clone. This was an unusual characteristic of an IBM product, and it changed more than the personal computer market—it changed IBM.³

- 39. The organization responsible for creating the specifications of the Internet is the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). The IETF is unusual in its openness—it is open to anyone willing to devote time and energy to formulating the protocols, best practices, and implementations that are employed on the Internet. The openness of the Internet through the sharing facilitated by the IETF is often cited as one of the principal drivers of its growth and acceptance worldwide.4
- The IETF held its first meeting in San Diego in 1986, and since then has been 40. holding regular, open meetings with participants representing academia, government agencies, manufacturers, software vendors, and Internet users. The stated goal of the IETF has been "to make the Internet work better."⁵ It has long recognized that in order to fulfill its mission, standards are necessary to achieve interoperability so that "multiple products implementing a standard are able to work together in order to deliver valuable functions to the Internet's users."6
- 41. One of the main reasons the Internet has grown so rapidly is the free and open access to basic documents, particularly protocol specifications. ARPANET and the Internet were born within the government and university research community, which embraces open publications of ideas and results. Early in the design of the ARPAnet, Requests for Comments (RFCs), provided the vehicle for information sharing among network researchers. As the "Brief History of the Internet," authored by several individuals involved in the design of the Internet, noted:

³ "The birth of the IBM PC," IBM Archives.

⁴ https://www.ietf.org/blog/2016/01/30-years-of-engineering-the-internet/.

⁵ http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3935.txt.

⁶ http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3935.txt.

The effect of the RFCs was to create a positive feedback loop, with ideas or proposals presented in one RFC triggering another RFC with additional ideas, and so on. When some consensus (or a least a consistent set of ideas) had come together a specification document would be prepared. Such a specification would then be used as the base for implementations by the various research teams.

Over time, the RFCs have become more focused on protocol standards (the "official" specifications), though there are still informational RFCs that describe alternate approaches, or provide background information on protocols and engineering issues. The RFCs are now viewed as the "documents of record" in the Internet engineering and standards community.⁷

- 42. Cisco's own roots are in Stanford University's efforts to build a university-wide network.⁸ Early Cisco promotional documents explain that Cisco was founded based on the belief in "large-scale networks and in public standards that would allow these networks to link many types of computers." Cisco co-founders Len Bosack and Sandy Lerner were employed by Stanford University and believed that the company's early success was attributable to demand for network products that were based on industry standards.⁹
- 43. Cisco recognizes that companies must cooperate to create a networking marketplace which offers customers a wide array of innovative products with which to create robust networks to connect users with applications and services. 10 Executive chairman John Chambers described Cisco as an "open standard company" noting that when Cisco moved into telepresence, it made it an "industry standard" available to others. Cisco has benefited from this approach because it allows Cisco to "move in markets faster" and protects its customers from

⁷ "Brief History of the Internet," Leiner, Cerf et al, Internet Society, 2009.

 $^{^{8}\} http://www \ networkworld.com/article/2309917/lan-wan/lan-wan-router-man.html.$

⁹ Cisco Systems Inc. Company Backgrounder, March 1990 [Satz Dep. Ex. 407].

¹⁰ CSI-CLI-03316935 (Soni Jiadani, OPEN: A Fundamental Part of the Network of the Future, *Cisco Blogs*, Nov. 6, 2014) (CSI-CLI-03316935).

getting locked in. 11 Cisco actively participates in OpenStack, Open Daylight, Open Daylight, Open vSwitch, and contributes to the network standards work of the IETF. 12

- B. With the advent of computer networking came an emphasis on interoperability and the rise of *de facto* standards in product development.
- 44. Today's Internet evolved from the ARPAnet, a creation of the Department of Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, designed and deployed by Bolt, Beranek, and Newman (BBN) in 1969. 13 ARPAnet initially connected a handful of geographically distributed computer systems through the use of specialized communications processors, called Interface Message Processors (IMPs). The IMP was the predecessor of the modern-day Internet router. Each IMP was connected to a computer system at an ARPAnet site, with the IMPs being connected to one another over 56kbps leased digital circuits. BBN wrote the software for the IMP, which was based on Honeywell DDP-316 minicomputers, that implemented the communications method termed "packet switching." This involved the IMP receiving up to 8k bits of information from its connected computer, dividing into 1k or fewer bits (a "packet"), attaching a header containing the source and destination addresses of the communicating computer systems, and forwarding it to the next IMP. Each IMP was responsible for determining the transmission path required to reach each addressable computer system, and forwarding packets along those paths. Any connected computer could reliably communicate with any other without having to be concerned with the details of the location or the path (a.k.a. "route") required for each message to take. Since the days of the original ARPAnet, the "rules of the road" (network protocols) computer communications over a network of networks—the

¹¹ CSI-CLI-03316935 (Cisco's John Chambers answers his critics: What premium pricing?, *Network World* March 12, 2010) (ARISTANDCA00287102).

¹² CSI-CLI-03316935 (Soni Jiadani, OPEN: A Fundamental Part of the Network of the Future, *Cisco Blogs*, Nov. 6, 2014).

^{13 &}quot;Computer Networks," Tannebaum, A., Wetherall, D., pgs 56-57, 2001 (fifth edition), Prentice-Hall.

Internet—have gone through several iterations, requiring thousands or hundreds of thousands of hours of engineering time to revise and update implementations.

- 45. Early in the evolution of computer networking, each computer vendor designed its own proprietary, closed network architecture that described how its computers were to be connected to one another and to shared resources such as printers, scanners, interactive terminals, disk storage, etc. The creation of the IETF in 1986 gave communications engineers from a variety of organizations a neutral forum in which they could exchange ideas and experiences. This represented a sharp departure from the vendor-proprietary products, protocols, systems and software that was the industry norm—IBM's SNA, Digital Equipment's DECnet, Prime Computer's PRIMEnet, Wang Computer's WangNet being representative examples. Vendorspecific, "islands of distributed computing" could be found in most large corporations, and in many cases, represented a growing market for third-party vendors including startup companies focused on providing an alternative to the computer vendors' closed architectures. These third party vendors, such as Ungermann-Bass, 3COM, Interlan, Micom Systems, Bridge Communications, and others offered a set of products designed for a "multi-vendor" environment that was based on interoperability and an "open architecture."
- 46. Meanwhile, ARPA had decided to supply to the University of California, Berkeley, the source code for the most recent version of the IMP that was based on the Digital LSI-11/2 product line as implemented by BBN in 1982. 14 This software implemented a new protocol for the ARPAnet called TCP/IP, which was designed to provide reliable end-to-end delivery of computer communications over arbitrary distances within a bounded number of router hops.

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF

 $^{^{14}}$ I was employed by the LSI-11 Product Group at Digital between July 1979 and May 1981.

- 47. The University of California, Berkeley, incorporated the BBN-authored TCP/IP protocol software into its design of Berkeley's version of UNIX, called 4.2BSD (version 4.2 of the Berkeley Software Distribution), in 1983. The 4.2BSD distribution was an early example of what is now known as "open source software" in that the University of California provided a notice that machine-readable copies of 4.2BSD software could be freely distributed by vendors. As a consequence, the 4.2BSD software was readily adopted by several workstation vendors, academics, and commercial users of the UNIX operating system. Just eighteen months after being released, more than 1,000 site licenses had been issued. Some estimates provide that more copies of 4.2BSD had been shipped than of all the previous Berkeley software distributions combined. In the previous Berkeley software distributions combined.
- 48. Digital's VAX computer was the hardware platform for the development of 4.2BSD, while variants of 4.2BSD UNIX were incorporated into the design of and released for several engineering workstation computing platforms including Sun Microsystems' workstations, NEXT, Masscomp, and Digital's Ultrix. The 4.2BSD software offered these vendors a ready-built, networked platform on which to base their applications that were focused on engineering users—CAD/CAM, software development, real-time process control, etc.
- 49. A consequence of the widespread adoption of 4.2BSD was that TCP/IP became the protocol standard for many computer installations, particularly within universities and government research facilities. UNIX was a popular operating system with university computer science departments, so adding TCP/IP networking to UNIX allowed many more universities to gain access to the ARPAnet. This was particularly important for university researchers, and

16 http://www.oreilly.com/openbook/opensources/book/kirkmck html.

18

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¹⁵ McKusick telephone conversation, 24 May 2016.

served to advance the development of additional network protocols and applications through this new method of collaboration via the ARPAnet.

- 50. In 1980, TCP/IP was adopted as a Department of Defense (DoD) standard. The ARPAnet switched to TCP/IP from the original protocol called NCP in January 1983. Access to the ARPAnet was restricted to DoD sites and contractors. This restriction was lifted several years later when the DoD created the MILNET for military use, subcontracting out the operation of the remaining network segments to commercial operators, which in turn led to the evolution of today's Internet. Internet.
- 51. Starting in 1985, TCP/IP became mandatory for the National Science
 Foundation's NSFnet program. By the early 1980s, dozens of vendors began incorporating
 TCP/IP into their products as well. And in 1985, approximately 250 vendor representatives
 attended a three-day workshop on how TCP/IP worked. This allowed many more universities
 to connect their computing facilities to the ARPAnet, which was still restricting its use to
 noncommercial users or government contractors. By 1990, Cisco itself referred to TCP/IP as
 "today's de facto standard protocol for internetworking."
- 52. In effect, the 4.2BSD version of UNIX, and with it, TCP/IP, became *de facto* standards for the computer industry and served as a primary driver in the creation of the Internet of today.²³
- 53. Since 4.2BSD contained a number of networking applications based on TCP/IP, several applications useful for network management and control were created with its release:

 $^{^{17}\} http://bnrg.eecs.berkeley.edu/\sim randy/Courses/CS294.S13/1.1x.pdf.$

^{18 &}quot;Brief History of the Internet," Leiner, Cerf et al, Internet Society, 2009.

¹⁹ http://bnrg.eecs.berkeley.edu/~randy/Courses/CS294.S13/1.1x.pdf.

²⁰ http://bnrg.eecs.berkeley.edu/~randy/Courses/CS294.S13/1.1x.pdf.

²¹ http://bnrg.eecs.berkeley.edu/~randy/Courses/CS294.S13/1.1x.pdf.

²² Cisco Systems Inc. Company Backgrounder., March 1990 [Satz Dep. Ex. 407].

²³ "Brief History of the Internet," Leiner, Cerf et al, Internet Society, 2009.

route, telnet, traceroute, netstat, ping. 24 These applications utilized the TCP/IP protocols layered underneath, and so offered developers the rudimentary tools that would permit the development of more application protocols. Development of other application protocols continued to be layered over the 4.2BSD version of UNIX, including: NFS (Network File System), DNS (Distributed Name Server), SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) among others, most of which have proven their durability and are in widespread use today.

54. Sun Microsystems concluded in the mid-1980's that it could be in its best interest to get workstation computer vendors to coalesce around one networked file system standard. At the time, network file systems were proprietary creations of some of the leading engineering workstation vendors, and were therefore incompatible with one another. This meant customers would get "locked in" to a specific manufacturer and be required to purchase additional computers or upgrades from one supplier. This "barrier to entry" needed to be overcome in Sun's perspective so that its workstation products would have access to a larger market. Sun chose to release the relevant specifications for others to incorporate into their products, or for more sophisticated customers to do so for themselves. This led to "connect-a-thons" held by Sun with the participation of several vendors to test the reliability and performance of each company's implementation of NFS in a multi-vendor environment. Thus, without obtaining any official standards body adoption, NFS became the industry standard for file systems, allowing Sun to broaden the availability of NFS, while also allowing other competitors to provide competing implementations based upon NFS. 25 NFS was later published by the IETF in RFC

²⁴ "Unix, Linux, and BSD: Command Line Cross-Reference," Marsh, N., FatFreePublishing.com, 2009.

²⁵ McKusick telephone conversation, 24 May 2016; Kirk McKusick email to Stephen X. Nahm, Subject: Sun RPC in BSD, Fri, 19 May 1989; Stephen X. Nahm email to Kirk McKusick, Subject: Sun RPC in BSD, 19 May 1989, Dennis Freeman email to general sun listsery, Subject: ONC/NFS Update, 19 Apr 1991.

1094, "NFS: Network File System Protocol Specification." It has since been the subject of later RFCs, which describe later versions of NFS. 26

- 55. Applications developed on the 4.2BSD version of UNIX have proven critical in the growth, operation, and maintenance of the Internet. A typical university ARPAnet site would assign one or more Digital VAX computers running 4.2BSD the task of routing between multiple Ethernets, providing access to the ARPAnet to more of the site's computers. That required a few software tools to configure, monitor, and control the operation of the 4.2BSD system acting as a router. Some of these tools included: *ifconfig, route, traceroute, hostname, netstat.*²⁷ As more and more networks were added to a site, however, using a 4.2BSD VAX computer proved to be a performance barrier, so universities were among the first to adopt dedicated hardware routers, including those from Cisco.
- 56. Many of these 4.2BSD applications found their way into routers, including those from Cisco. The Cisco router replaced the VAX computer that previously performed the routing functionality. Network engineers responsible for the operation of the computer network were already accustomed to using the 4.2BSD network commands, and so they wanted the new dedicated router hardware to provide them with the tools with which they were already familiar. Vendors like Cisco, Cabletron, Bridge Communication, Ungermann-Bass and many others began to incorporate the BSD network commands into their products.
- 57. Each and every device attached to a network must implement the same protocol standards to permit communications with any other device. One of the peculiarities that occurred with the widespread adoption of Ethernet was that different network protocol standards could coexist on the same Ethernet physical infrastructure. For example, several Digital

²⁶ See, e.g., RFC 3530 (2003), Network File System (NFS) version 4 protocol.

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²⁷ "Unix, Linux, and BSD: Command Line Cross-Reference," Marsh, N., FatFreePublishing.com, 2009.

computers (TOPS-20, VAX/VMS, PDP-11s, LSI-11s) could be connected to an Ethernet and could communicate with one another using the DECnet protocol software supplied by Digital. At the same time, other Digital VAX computers, Sun workstations, and other systems running 4.2BSD could communicate with each other using the applications compatible with the TCP/IP protocol software supplied in 4.2BSD. But the DECnet-compatible computers could not communicate with the TCP/IP-compatible computers. This phenomenon was sometimes referred to as "ships in the night"—traffic passing each other over the same Ethernet without knowledge of the other protocols that might be present. Typically, after installing an Ethernet within a building and attaching all of the computers that wished to use it, there might be three or more protocols in use—TCP/IP, DECnet, and LAT (Digital's Local Area Terminal). It was this problem that I found difficult to solve while I was at Interlan. Wellfleet Communications was the first vendor to address this problem of being able to *route* the protocols for which there was a defined network layer while being able to bridge (we would now say switch) protocols like LAT that lacked a defined network layer.

VI. GROWTH OF THE CLI AS A STANDARD INTERFACE FOR CONTROLLING **NETWORK DEVICES**

58. Dedicated router hardware began to assume the responsibility for the interconnection of networks within many facilities in the mid-1980s. Universities connected to the ARPAnet were among the early adopters of router technology from companies like Cisco. The universities on the ARPAnet employed network engineers who were already familiar with routing technology running on some computer systems that were connected to multiple networks. These university engineers were trained in the network commands that evolved with 4BSD UNIX.²⁸

²⁸ "4BSD" refers to 4.2BSD and later versions.

- 59. Routing within a typical ARPAnet site began as a task for a 4BSD computer to perform. Several applications were written as commands that would run on these 4BSD computer systems. Examples of these identified earlier in this report include: *ifconfig, netstat, ping, route, traceroute*. Engineers responsible for the operation of the computer network grew accustomed to the use of these software tools and were familiar with their syntax, semantics, keywords, etc.
- 60. A CLI is designed with specific keywords and grammar such that humans can easily learn how to issue specific commands to a specific device affecting one or more of its control attributes. Early on, other manufacturers of routers implemented their own CLI design for configuration and control.
- 61. As an employee of Digital from 1979-1981, I had direct knowledge of the company's internal standards for languages, including the Digital Command Language, DCL. DCL was the Digital standard for all products that contained a command line interface. This included operating systems, such as VAX/VMS, TOPS-20, RT-11 and others, as well as applications that employed DECnet or the ARPAnet. I created a software product, the LSI-11 Remote Debugger, that contained a CLI which conformed to the DCL specification.
- 62. Before and while I was employed by Digital, I attended the annual meeting of DECUS, the Digital Equipment Corporation User Society. DECUS had several hundred members from around the world who were active in providing advice and feedback to the company's management about new products, customer service issues, and product improvements. For Digital customers who had purchased several models of Digital computers (e.g., VAX/VMS, PDP-11/60, LSI-11/2 such as ones I had purchased at Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory in the late 70's), learning a different CLI for each of Digital's wide array of operating

systems was a productivity drain. The announcement of the availability of a common command language, DCL, for VMS, RSX-11M, RT-11, RSTS, TOPS-20, etc. was met with enthusiasm by DECUS members.

63. Many aspects of the Cisco CLI are very similar to those defined by Digital's DCL.²⁹ Some of Cisco's keywords are found in even earlier products, such as the Proteon p4200 Gateway. A review of the user manuals from Cisco, Digital, and Proteon from the late-80s/early-90s illustrate commonalities in command structure, hierarchies, keywords, argument lists, etc., particularly with respect to Digital.³⁰ This is not surprising given that, for example, Digital's TOPS-20 operating system was the operating system on which the original Cisco router software was developed for the Stanford University Network, ³¹ The Tops-20 command was issued to connect a terminal to a remote computer system over the ARPAnet is an example of the use of a telnet syntax and English words long before the advent of Cisco's CLI. It would have looked like the following in 1983:³²

@TELNET CONNECT DEC-MARLBORO Trying...Open Market - LCG'S Timesharing System, TOPS-20 Monitor 5.3(5000) (a)

Digital's TOPS-20 operating system also supported the execution of multiple commands that might be stored in a file, then run at a later time. Groups of such commands, referred to as "command scripts," allowed for restoring connections following a power outage, for example. 33 Routers typically support command scripts to the present day.

²⁹ TOPS-20 Commands Reference Manual, Digital, September, 1985.

 $^{^{30}}$ "Proteon Series p4200 Gateway Software User's Manual," Proteon, Inc., March, 1988; "Gateway System Manual," cisco Systems, July, 1988.

³¹ http://www.networkworld.com/article/2309917/lan-wan/lan-wan-router-man.html.

^{32 &}quot;TOPS-20 ARPAnet User Utilities Guide," Digital Equipment Corporation, October, 1983.

^{33 &}quot;TOPS-20 Commands Reference Manual," Digital Equipment Corporation, September, 1985.

64. Digital's later products, such as the DECServer 100 Terminal Server,³⁴ delivered in 1985, had a command line interface for a different class of network device. A terminal server typically connected several interactive terminals to an Ethernet shared with potentially more than one computer system. In a large office, several terminal servers would enable any terminal user to access any of the connected computers through the terminal server's CLI. For the DECServer 100, to connect to the computer named "Sales" one would type in response to the "Local" prompt from the DECServer 100:

Local> CONNECT SALES

Password:

To show the state of the connections to one or more computers, the command line would look like:

Local> SHOW SESSIONS ALL

st session state information>

of Digital's DECnet architecture was implemented on several of Digital's operating systems, e.g., RT-11, RSX-11M, VAX/VMS, TOPS-20. This allowed Digital's customers to connect any Digital computer to an Ethernet and be able to share files, printers, execute remote applications, etc. Each computer running DECnet would have a Network Control Program (NCP) that gave a network engineer the ability to configure, examine, and alter various parameters that affected the behavior of the computer and its connection to the network. NCP provided a CLI for the network engineer to interact with the DECnet software. Among the commands implemented by NCP were "CLEAR," "HELP," and "SHOW." Various versions of NCP were released by Digital, beginning in the early 1980's with the release of VAX/VMS.

³⁴ "DECServer 100 Terminal Server Operations Guide," Digital Equipment Corporation, January, 1985.

³⁵ "DECServer 100 Terminal Server Operations Guide," Digital Equipment Corporation, January, 1985.

Arista's 6th Supplemental Response to Cisco's 1st Set of Interrogatories, pages 144-145.

66. The following example illustrates use of the CLI in the Proteon Series p4200 Gateway from 1988³⁷ [note: the term for a "gateway" was employed to mean "router" by most manufacturers in the 1980s]:

NCP>show adjacent nodes status Adjacent Node Volatile Status

Execut	or node	= 2.26	= 2.26 (gato)			
State Physical address Type		= on = AA-00-04-00 = area	= AA-00-04-00-1A-08			
Node Addr	State	Туре	Cost	Hops	Circuit	Next Node
2.14	reachable	routing IV	3	1	Eth/0	2.14
2.34	reachable	routing IV	2	1	Pro/0	2.34
2.42	reachable	nonrouting IV	2	1	Pro/0	2.42
1.22	reachable	area	3	1	Eth/0	1.22

Note the use of a "show" command followed by multiple keywords within one command as implemented by the Proteon CLI.

67. As previously mentioned, once an Ethernet was deployed and made operational in a customer location, it would not be unusual to have three or more protocols running over the same Ethernet, each supporting a separate group of computing systems and associated devices. The effect of this "ships in the night" phenomenon was to introduce additional operational complexity on the network engineers assigned to keep everything working properly.

Furthermore, connecting multiple Ethernets together, often times over distance, through the use of multi-protocol routers from Wellfleet or Cisco meant that the network engineers had to be able to configure and control the routers to forward (or not) the appropriate protocol-specific traffic, potentially over different paths. This further complicated the operation of the resulting

³⁷ "Proteon Series p4200 Gateway Software User's Manual," Proteon, Inc., March, 1988.

enterprise network by introducing the need for fine-grained controls over the network traffic that many times had to be compartmentalized according to protocol type.

- 68. Vendors responded to this complexity in different ways. An illustrative example is the difference between Wellfleet and Cisco's different approaches.
- i) According to the contractor who wrote Cisco's command line interface parser, Cisco's first products did not initially implement a true command line interface.³⁸ The CLI was added in the early 1990s to allow the line editing of commands.³⁹ The design of a CLI for a network device is based on the "interactive computing" model—a teletype-like terminal device that sends alphanumeric characters over a communication link to a computer, which in turn provides alphanumeric responses. In Cisco's case, the role of the computer is served by software in the router which interprets the commands sent from the terminal and generates replies. Given the limited number of characters that could be displayed on a single command line (generally <80), the nature of the commands and the types of information that could be displayed on the terminal necessitated that each command be limited in its scope and impact. Configuration of a Cisco router required the network engineer to type in several lines of commands, insuring the router's response to each one judged to be acceptable. Engineers stereotypically enjoy complex interactions with machines, and network engineers are no exception in my experience. However, this approach is prone to human error as simple typing mistakes, such as transposition of digits in specifying a network address (e.g., "I typed 172.0.0.1 but I meant to type 172.0.1.0!") could render the router inoperable. Nonetheless, the Cisco CLI design caught on with many network engineers, particularly in academia, and consequently served as a graduate student's

³⁹ Id

 $^{^{38}}$ ARISTANDCA00265185 ("The history of the Cisco CLI," Slattery, T., CCIE Flyer, February, 2009).

first exposure to computer networks, routers, switches, network design, configuration, and debugging. 40

- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Although clearly intended for the management of TCP/IP networks, SNMP could easily be extended to accommodate other protocol stacks (DECnet, XNS, Novell, etc). We (I was the company's Chief Technology Officer at the time) concluded that Wellfleet would address the complexities of operating a multi-vendor, multi-protocol network by providing a graphical interface that would allow for the logical separation of each protocol family and the associated computers and devices. Through the use of color graphics on a centralized management workstation, we sought to simplify the complexities inherent in the operation of multi-protocol networks. For more localized, fine-grained control of each router, we decided to implement a "technician interface," a greatly simplified set of commands and controls accessible through a local terminal or PC terminal emulation software. The idea was to present the primary means of man-machine interaction through a graphics interface (GUI) on a centralized PC or workstation, while providing a simpler technician-level CLI for local control.
- iii) From Wellfleet's perspective, Cisco presented a "bottoms-up" view of the network, starting with the information available within each router. Our vision was to present a Wellfleet customer with a "top-down" view of the network, peeling back the protocol-specific layers to offer a successively more comprehensive view of the underlying network and its behavior. In contrast, each Cisco router could provide information about each protocol or device, one at a time, leaving the integration of appropriate information to the network engineer.

40 McKusick telephone conversation, May 24, 2016.

Of course, over time, Cisco did introduce a workstation-based network management product, but at the time [1990], we only knew of Cisco's CLI implemented in each router.

- 69. By the early 1990's, many network devices from a number of vendors were controlled through a CLI. One motivation was that most users were running their business or engineering applications on a PC or workstation, relegating their character-only (i.e., no graphics capability) video "dumb" terminals to network or system management tasks. Furthermore, a CLI represents the simplest, lowest-common-denominator of man-machine interfaces for general purpose computers or for computers embedded within network devices such as routers and switches. A CLI can be implemented in a relatively modest amount of code; is generally "table-driven" so that new commands or keywords can be easily added, modified, or deleted later by simply editing the table; and, they can (and do) use common English words so that they can be intuitive and easily remembered.
 - 70. This history of CLI development conclusively shows that:
 - i) Cisco did not invent the CLI;
- ii) Cisco was not the first to employ common English keywords (e.g., SHOW, CLEAR, HELP), in their CLI design;
 - iii) Cisco was not the first to design a CLI employing multiple keywords;
- iv) Cisco has implemented within its CLI common industry terms (e.g., "ip route") or acronyms (e.g., "aaa" for authorization, authentication, accounting) as keywords;
- v) Cisco was not the first vendor to implement a CLI in a router or other network equipment;
- vi) Cisco's CLI design evolved from other works that preceded and influenced its development, including that of Digital, Proteon, and UNIX (particularly 4BSD).

VII. CISCO'S DEVELOPMENT AND PROMOTION OF A DE FACTO STANDARD CLI

- 71. Cisco held over 50% of the router market in the early 1990s, so Cisco's customers held a great deal of influence over the other router vendors, including Wellfleet. The networks that all of our customers were installing were growing larger and larger, becoming far more complex in the process. Networking was still new to many operators of computer systems, and there was a real lack of knowledge in how the protocols worked, troubleshooting and problem resolution, and proper installation and configuration. It typically fell to each vendor to provide customer training on these issues, to create a new specialty of "network engineer." Having a common human interface in every communication device, switch or router, simplified the operation of the network for every customer in most every respect. The increasing complexity of these networks drove many customers to demand that Cisco's competitors adopt some of the same command and control features in their own products. This included the commands implemented by each vendor's CLI. It was up to the other vendors to figure out a way to adopt the Cisco CLI for their own products.
- 72. The emergence of the Cisco Certified Internet Expert (CCIE) (and related certifications for the vast number of network administrators managing networks dominated by Cisco equipment of all sorts) as an educational requirement for many IT professionals drove other networking vendors to emulate the Cisco CLI to remain competitive in the marketplace.⁴²

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http://www.networkworld.com/article/2349126/cisco-subnet/appealing-to-ccies--hardware-vendors-copy-cisco-scli-and-netflow-to-get-into-cisco-acc.html; ARISTANDCA00265185 ("The history of the Cisco CLI," Slattery, T., CCIE Flyer, February, 2009.)

The dynamic of Cisco-trained experts operating customer networks, influencing the decisions of their employers or clients as to what additional networking equipment to purchase, in turn led to a cycle reinforcing the desirability of continuing to purchase Cisco-compatible network equipment. While this has allowed some other market participants apart from Cisco to serve this need, for the most part it has served to reinforce Cisco's market share dominance. ⁴³

73.

networks lack *any* Cisco equipment, essentially all senior networking engineers who operate complex network infrastructures must be trained in the industry-standard CLI, and many are CCIE-certified. CCIE training can cost tens of thousands of dollars and months of preparation. There is a whole cottage industry selling test prep materials and courses to aspiring network engineers. Applicants must pass a two-hour routing and switching written exam, followed by an eight-hour lab exam. 6

74. A common CLI has the effect of maximizing customer training investments, while allowing Cisco to project an image of leadership, continuity, and consistency in networking. Cisco recognized that customers want to choose the vendor that is best-suited to their needs, without having to retrain its engineers.⁴⁷ Network engineers monitoring or configuring network equipment from multiple vendors benefit from a common CLI—the

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⁴³ An analogy here is the IBM PC market. IBM allowed many other vendors to replicate its PC, which served the very useful purpose to IBM of establishing the IBM PC as the de facto standard for personal computing. *See* "The birth of the IBM PC," IBM Archives.

See Berly Dep. Tr. at 177:10-12.

http://www.networkworld.com/article/2347307/cisco-subnet/how-much-does-it-cost-to-become-a-ccie- html; Redacted Birnbaum Dep. Tr. at., 105:12-21 "The CLI, the CLI because it had gone in to, you know, all the network operators in the world know this CLI. It is the standard. I mean I don't recall them saying industry specifically but it was I know the word standard was in there and it had to do with the fact that they have hundreds and thousands of operators around the world and they know the Cisco CLI."

⁴⁷ See Berly Dep. Tr. at 151:19-23, 152:2-20; Redacted Sadana Dep. Tr. (March. 17, 2016) at 109:1-4.

absence of which can lead to network failures due to misconfiguration caused by human error. 48 Cisco found it important to assure customers that its CLI was an "industry standard" and not proprietary to Cisco.

- 75. I note also that Cisco's choice of words—"industry standard"—is distinct from words one might choose to promote the fact that Cisco's CLI was superior to others. There is a fundamental difference between marketing a feature for the fact that it is well-established and in common with customer expectations ("industry standard") as opposed to marketing a feature for how it is a differentiator from the competition (e.g., "exclusive," "unique," "the best"). I am not aware that Cisco ever promoted its CLI as "unique," and it would make no sense for Cisco to use the term "industry standard" to convey the impression that its CLI was different or better than others. Likewise, it would make no sense for Cisco to use the term "industry standard" if its purpose was to convey the idea that CLI commands designed into one version of Cisco software were to be found in later versions, but uniquely Cisco's. If that were the goal, one would expect Cisco to refer to something like "Cisco standard" commands, just as Digital had done with its DCL command line standard. Cisco's marketing efforts avoided any suggestion of a purely Cisco environment, as opposed to an industry-wide, multi-vendor environment. In this way, Cisco chose a parallel path to that of the IBM PC, as opposed to the proprietary Apple Mac/iMac strategy.
- 76. By making its CLI an "industry standard," Cisco was assuring its customers (who may choose to dual-source their networking needs) that they would not attempt to cut off competition by asserting some proprietary rights in those commands. Cisco communicated to customers that even if they used Cisco equipment with other vendors' equipment their network engineers would not need to devote extensive time or resources to learning the system or

⁴⁸ See Berly Dep. Tr. at 183:1-8; 184:21-185:2.

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37

technical expertise.⁵³

becoming operationally proficient⁴⁹ by referring to its own CLI as "the standard for configuration in the networking industry."⁵⁰ Specifically, Cisco informed customers that "industry standard" CLI provided for "ease of provisioning"⁵¹ and "end-to-end manageability.⁵² According to Cisco, this also allowed customers to avoid the expense of high-level, on-site

77. Cisco achieved another strategically important result—whether by design or not-by promoting the Cisco CLI as an "industry standard." Allowing the industry to coalesce around Cisco's CLI as a standard disincentivized the rest of the industry from developing its own, separate standard. Why would the rest of the market participants—who themselves have a small fraction of market share compared to Cisco—try to develop some competing CLI standard so long as Cisco was allowing all others to use the most widely-adopted (Cisco) CLI? This phenomenon had important benefits for Cisco. Had the rest of the networking industry been successful in coalescing around some different CLI command standard, Cisco would have been seen as the "closed" and "proprietary" alternative, which was the antithesis of the entire "multivendor, open systems" philosophy that enveloped the networking industry. Alternatively, Cisco would have had to change its CLI commands to conform to the new "industry standard" which would likely have been extremely costly and disruptive to its customer base. By allowing the industry to adopt Cisco's own CLI as a standard, Cisco avoided both of these potentially threatening outcomes.

 $^{^{49} \}text{ ARISTANDCA00009488; ARISTANDCA00009520; ARISTANDCA00009625; Berly Dep. Tr. at 141:7-25.} \\$

⁵⁰ ARISTANDCA00010595; *see also* Redacted Birnbaum Dep. Tr. at. 46:9-17, 104:4-10.

 $^{^{51}} ARISTANDCA00010484; ARISTANDCA00010489; ARISTANDCA00010491.$

⁵² ARISTANDCA13172860.

⁵³ ARISTANDCA00009527.

⁵⁴ I take no position with regard to what such an alternative standard would look like. It is difficult to imagine how any such set of commands for a given set of networking functions and protocols would not use many of the same command words Cisco has used.

78. Cisco was not only calling its CLI an "industry standard" to sell products; it actually believed it. First, Cisco also referred to its CLI as an "industry standard" internally. ⁵⁵

Second, Cisco was well aware that other companies were using the same or similar CLI. One of its own patents filed in 2005 freely acknowledged that many companies aim to support Cisco's CLI in their routing systems. ⁵⁶ Its product documentation has also acknowledged that most CLI-based devices sold by competitors use a CLI that resembles Cisco's. ⁵⁷ Allowing other manufacturers to copy their CLI was another way of assuring Cisco's customers that they were purchasing network equipment entirely based on open systems standards. Given Cisco's market dominance and its tacit approval, many network equipment vendors engineered their CLIs to appear to copy Cisco's. Examples of companies that support some of the very modes, prompts, and commands that are at issue in this litigation include Adtran, Alcatel-Lucent, Allied Telesis, Avaya, Brocade Communications Systems, D-Link Corporation, Extreme, Dell, Foundry, HP, Juniper, Netgear, Nortel Networks, Procket Networks, and Redback. ⁵⁸

79.

Customer demand for a common and familiar interface available to engineers responsible for the operation of their networks created a situation that drove vendors for all network equipment to

is Berly Den Tr. at 143:

Berly Dep. Tr. at 143:4-5, 15-19; 145:3-9.

⁵⁶ ANI-ITC-944_945-1144219 (United States Patent No. 7,953,886 B2, May 31, 2011).

⁵⁷ CSI-CLI-04633845 (Tail-f Network Control System 3.3 Getting Started Guide, Nov. 24, 2014).

align their CLI with the rest of the industry—namely, Cisco's CLI. 60 A common CLI provides customers with some clear benefits: it reduces training and certification costs for network engineers; it provides the customer who may purchase one type of network device from only one vendor with the credible threat of replacing the product and therefore the supplier with an equivalent device from a different supplier; and, it improves the efficiency of additions, alterations, and troubleshooting in network operations across the customer's network.

- 80. The majority of vendors across the industry have adopted a CLI similar to Cisco's, which they actively market to customers who in turn have been conditioned to expect a familiar industry-standard CLI with non-Cisco products.
- i) In touting the "ease of migration" and "leveraging existing knowledge," Hewlett Packard (HP) also cites its "industry standard CLI." HP openly claims that almost all of its GbE2 series switch installations are "interworking in a Cisco environment." 62 Like Cisco. HP acknowledges that a familiar CLI "reduces training time and expenses, and increases productivity in multivendor installations,"63 specifically by reducing training and certification costs. 64

 60 See Redacted Sadana Dep. Tr. (March 17, 2016) at 272:10-12 "Customers were saying they wanted the IOS-like" CLI. It's very clear that was the barrier to entry for us from a CLI perspective and customers wanted a consistent approach."; Ullal Dep. Tr. at 214:7-11 "That industry standard words are deployed by Cisco and Cisco's competitors and Cisco's customers and are freely approved for use as -- as the mainstream language of communication between networking equipment."; Id. at 282:11-13 "When customers ask for a Cisco-like CLI that Cisco says is industry standard, it's industry standard.

⁶¹ ARISTANDCA00224839.

⁶² ARISTANDCA00224907.

⁶³ ARISTANDCA00224912.

⁶⁴ ARISTANDCA00225271.

- ii) In promoting its switch products, Dell has explicitly cited its "Ciscostyled" or "industry standard" CLI. 65 Similar assurances have been provided by Blade Network Technologies, 66 Brocade, 67 Avaya, 68 and Hewlett-Packard, 69 and others.
- Engineering and Alteron Customer Projects and one of the founders for Blade Network

 Technologies ("Blade") attests to the development of the CLI at both companies. According to

 Nelson, in the late 1990s, Nortel responded to marketplace demand for a CLI that was familiar to

 users of CLI developed by Cisco, 3COM, and Extreme— while still particular to Nortel

 products— by developing and increase its use of and support for Nortel Networks Command

 Line Interface (NNCLI). In 2005, when Blade was spun off from Nortel, Blade renamed the

 NNCLI "industry standard CLI" or "ISCLI." This phrasing was chosen because the CLI had

 become accepted with the industry and familiar to engineers likely to be using Blade switches.⁷⁰
- 81. Cisco itself has begun to offer a tool that uses other vendor CLI commands in order to seamlessly allow management of multi-vendor networks. More recently, the Cisco Network Service Orchestrator (NSO) software has been used by network engineers employed by service providers that are trained in Juniper's JUNOS CLI by abstracting the Juniper CLI from direct interaction, providing a programmatic interface to the network engineer, discussed in more detail below.

⁶⁵ ARISTANDCA13172741, ARISTANDCA13172744, ARISTANDCA12906637.

⁶⁶ ARISTANDCA10056719; ARISTANDCA13682850.

⁶⁷ ARISTANDCA10778935; ARISTANDCA10792665.

Top 10 reasons Avaya Networking and Wireless LAN should be selected for your IP Office Deployment, available at https://www.avaya.com/usa/documents/top-10-reasons-avaya-networking-and-wireless-lan-for-ip-office-dn7772.pdf; Avaya Virtual Services Platform 7000 Series Fundamentals, January 2013, available at https://downloads.avaya.com/css/P8/documents/100169443.

⁶⁹ARISTANDCA00224908.

⁷⁰ William T. Nelson Declaration in Support of Blade Network Technologies, dated May 27, 2016.

- Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF
- 82. To expand its presence in the service provider market, Cisco acquired a Swedish software company, Tail-F Systems, in 2014⁷¹ to allow Cisco to configure and manage— "orchestrate"—other vendors' equipment and virtualized network functions (VNF). Service providers have been among the first to deploy VNF products to enable the creation of a Software Defined Network (SDN). Cisco NSO is the company's first offering in managing multi-vendor networks consisting of a mixture of network equipment, virtualized functions, and SDN controllers. This allows the service provider to define and deliver services to its customers. NSO automates the process of configuring the software and the devices to create the desired service.
- 83. For an NSO to function it must first be configured with the capabilities of each element comprising the service, including the equipment which is controlled through a CLI. The NSO software issues commands and configuration information to each network device through its CLI.⁷² In other words, a Cisco software product contains all of the commands, keywords, and data structures for other vendors' CLI to permit service orchestration and delivery.
- 84. I understand Cisco has taken the position that the lawsuit it filed against Huawei demonstrates that Cisco did not treat its CLI as an industry standard, notwithstanding its statements to the contrary. First, that lawsuit occurred in January 2003, ⁷³ and the statements by Cisco on which I rely and am aware all occurred well after that. But also, the public record of that case was focused on Huawei's use of Cisco source code. In particular, the preliminary injunction that was issued was based upon theft of trade secrets (i.e., source code), a claim that I understand Cisco has not asserted in this case.⁷⁴

⁷¹ "Why the Tail-F acquisition is a big win for Cisco," Kerravala, Z., Network World.

⁷² ARISTANDCA13365226.

⁷³ CSI-CLI-01480509 (Huawei Complaint).

⁷⁴ CSI-ANI-0141529 at 1533-37. The Court noted that Cisco failed to "undertake th[e] analysis" to prove any right to preliminary relief regarding the claim in copyright in the CLI. *Id.* at 1533.

Therefore the message to the industry surrounding the Huawei litigation was that Cisco would enforce its IP rights in its source code, but if all one did was use CLI commands, Cisco had no dispute with such conduct.

85.

Tit would be consistent with Cisco's interests and strategy to allow companies to use Cisco's CLI for purposes of establishing a broad common base of CLI knowledge that originated from Cisco, allowing Cisco to portray itself as a leader while also assuring its customers that they will not be locked in when they buy and deploy Cisco equipment.

VIII. THE EFFECT OF ARISTA'S USE OF ASSERTED ASPECTS OF THE CLI ON THE MARKET FOR CISCO IOS

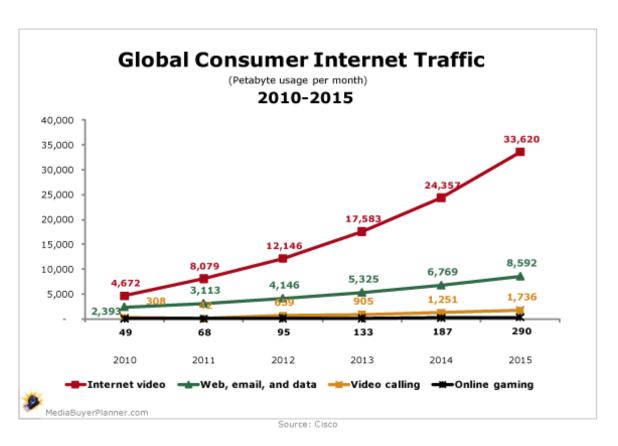
- 86. As noted above, I have been asked to provide background regarding the market segments in which Arista competes, and to evaluate what, if any, effect Arista's use of the CLI features in which Cisco claims copyright may have had on the market for Cisco's asserted copyrighted works (which I understand to be various versions of Cisco's operating systems, including IOS and NX-OS, and associated documentation).
- 87. I understand that fair use is an affirmative defense against copyright infringement, meaning that if the use of copyrighted materials qualifies as fair use then there is no infringement. I have been told that one of the fair use factors is concerned with the effect upon the potential market or actual market for the copyrighted work. Along those lines, I understand that a presumption or inference of market harm only applies to verbatim copying of an original

76¹

copyrighted work in its entirety for commercial purposes. In the case of a transformative use, market substitution is less certain, and market harm cannot be inferred.

A. The evolving market for Ethernet switching.

88. The Internet has evolved dramatically since the original ARPAnet. Today's Internet now carries large volumes of video and voice/audio content, ⁷⁷ often destined for smartphones, tablets, laptop computers over wireless technologies such as LTE and WiFi in addition to the coaxial or fiber optic cables provided by the cable television providers. The confluence of virtualization of computing and networking with new services from companies like Facebook and Netflix has had a profound impact on the Internet's architecture. Increasingly, Internet services are provided in "the cloud," a reference to large data centers operated by companies such as Amazon, Google, Facebook, and others.



77 "Global Consumer Internet Traffic 2010-2015," MediaBuyerPlanner.com, Cisco data (next page).

- 89. "The cloud" has emerged in recent years to augment or as a substitute for enterprise computing, networking, and storage resources with the consequent effect of shifting the bulk of the purchase of networking equipment from the enterprise to cloud providers who install them in remote data centers. Furthermore, the trend toward "virtualization" of data centers, including networking functions, has had the effect of reducing the number of routers required within a data center because some of the network traffic has been shifted onto commodity servers, each of which contains two or more Ethernet interface cards. In some ways, we have come full-circle from the ARPAnet days of using BSD VAX computers as routers to using Intel-based compute servers running virtual switching or routing software. Routing in this environment is deployed as another software-based "virtual machine" running on data center server hardware wherever and whenever it may be required.
- 90. Transferring an increasing amount of enterprise computing to the cloud combined with the software-based virtualized routing has resulted in a slowdown in spending for networking equipment within the enterprise.

91. Data centers are constructed with hundreds to thousands of compute, network, and storage servers housed in large buildings, often located in remote locations where electrical power is least expensive. Compute and storage servers are connected with modern-day Ethernet switches operating at speeds of 1-100Gbps, and are expected to increase to 400Gbps within the

next decade. 79 These switches are networked in a hierarchical, redundant configuration to provide highly-reliable communication paths for the applications running in the data centers and for the devices accessing these applications located anywhere in the world. It is imperative that all elements of the network operate robustly to assure service availability year-round: 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

92. For some large data center operators, managing or controlling their network switches by means of a device CLI is increasingly rare. Facebook's data center recently built in Altoona, Pennsylvania, has been described on their engineering website as follows:

A large fabric network—which has a more complex topology and a greater number of devices and interconnects – is definitely not the kind of environment that can be realistically configured and operated in a manual way. But the uniformity of the topology helps enable better programmability, and we can use software-based approaches to introduce more automation and more modularity to the network.

To automate the fabric, we've adjusted our thinking to be more "top down"— holistic network logic first, then individual devices and components second—abstracting from individual platform specifics and operating with large numbers of similar components at once. We've made our tools capable of dealing with different fabric topologies and form factors, creating a modular solution that can adapt to different-size data centers.

Also important was the disaggregation of hardware and automation—the fabric's forwarding plane is actually independent of our tooling and vice versa. This allows us to replace any specific components without principal changes to software, and makes a broader range of hardware platforms compatible with our tools. *Configuration work* happens at the fabric level – as opposed to the device level – using the minimum number of high-level settings needed to define the network, its building blocks, and routing logic (emphasis added). All specific addresses, routing policies, port maps, and vendor-agnostic component parameters are derived from these high-level settings, rendered into applicable platform-specific forms, and pushed to the boxes. For each individual platform, we only need to define a few simple actions and basic syntax templates.80

93. In 2010, the information technology news website, Network World, tested the switches of six vendors: Arista, Blade, Cisco, Dell, Extreme, and HP ProCurve. It assessed the

⁷⁹ "The Ethernet Roadmap Panel 2015," Kipp, S., Ethernet Alliance presentation, Mar 2015.

⁸⁰https://code facebook.com/posts/360346274145943/introducing-data-center-fabric-the-next-generation-facebookdata-center-network/.

following 10 areas: features; management and usability; power consumption; MAC address capacity; unicast and multicast throughput; unicast and multicast latency and jitter; link aggregation fairness; multicast group capacity; multicast join/leave delay; and forward pressure.81

- 94. After three months of "grueling" performance tests, Network World identified Arista's DCS-7124S and Blade's G8124 as its "top picks" due to their combinations of features and performance, particularly in the categories of latency and jitter. As to Cisco's Nexus 5010, Network World cited "high latency, usability gremlins and multicast leakage" as the reasons for its modest performance. Indeed, the subheadline of the story noted that the performance tests "exposed weaknesses" of Cisco's switches. 82
- 95. Notably, all but one of the switches *Network World* tested has a Cisco-like CLI, which the industry website referred to as "a smart design choice considering more network engineers are conversant in IOS than any other environment."83 However, the way each switch uses the CLI varies from one to another. For example, Arista's EOS runs on Linux, and—unlike other competitors—opens up Linux to users. In contrast, at the time of the Network World test, Cisco's Nexus 5010 had CLI running on the switch's NX OS. It was criticized for requiring users to execute four separate commands simply to download a configuration from a TFTP server. Moreover, in order to enable jumbo frame support, numerous policy-map and servicepolicy commands had to be entered.⁸⁴

 $^{^{81}\} http://www.networkworld.com/article/2241564/ethernet-switch/how-we-tested-10 gigabit-ethernet-switches.html.$

⁸² http://www.networkworld.com/article/2241525/virtualization/arista--blade-win-top-spot-in-data-center-switchtest html.

⁸³ http://www.computerworld.com/article/2522844/networking/management-and-usability--extreme-goes-its-own-

http://www.computerworld.com/article/2522844/networking/management-and-usability--extreme-goes-its-ownway.html.

96. More importantly, Arista's switches stand out in that they have the highest port count and throughput density, lowest latency, and are power efficient, particularly when compared to Cisco: 85



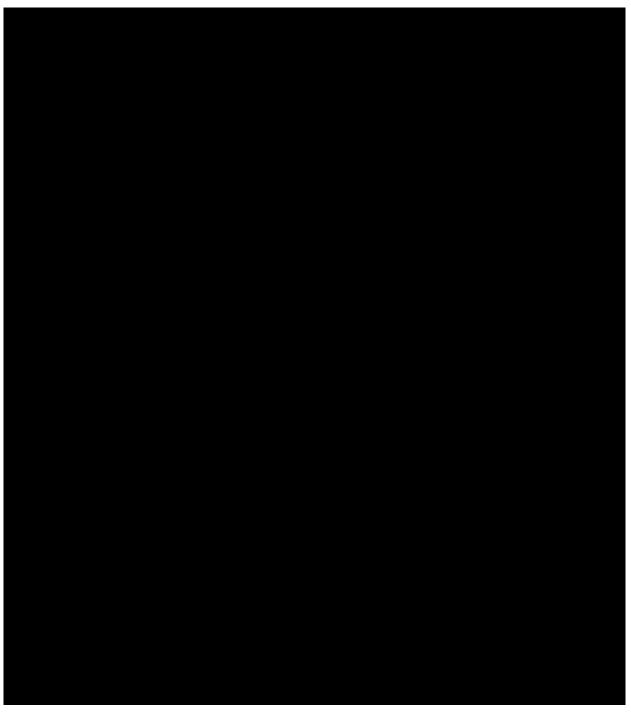
ARISTANDCA00268472

Latency and jitter are two of the most important performance metrics in certain data center applications such as financial trading, where speed translates to money. 86 Arista, and another competitor—Blade—delivered some of the lowest latencies in the industry, while Cisco switches delivered average to high latency. One Cisco switch with the lowest latencies—the Nexus 5010—still had more than four times the latency of Arista's switches. ⁸⁷ Compared to three of Cisco's switches, Arista's 7124 reduces latency by more than half.

⁸⁵ 86 ARISTANDCA00268471.

Latency is the delay incurred by each data packet through the switch. Jitter is the variability of that delay.

http://www.networkworld.com/article/2241573/virtualization/latency-and-jitter--cut-through-design-pays-off-forarista--blade html; see also Redacted Birnbaum Dep. Tr. at 33:25-34:1-11 "The Cisco switch had one property in particular that recall that was quite bad which is that it had a lot of what we call tail jitter which is when you pushed it hard, it seemed to get overloaded and the latency spiked dramatically. I mean it was really very severe. I don't remember the exact chart except that if you look at it on -- you know, if I can draw with my hand, it looked pretty flat and then when you pushed it, it just exploded."

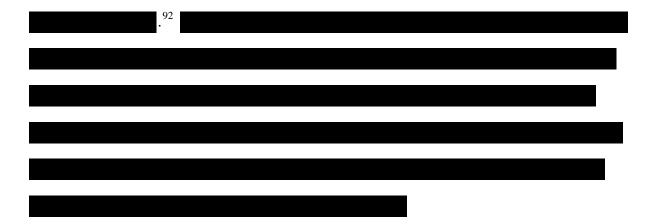


97. Arista was created for purposes of serving the high-speed switching market, and so emphasizes capabilities that are particularly important to each of the major segments within that market, including "private and public cloud" services, web services, high performance computing, low latency applications, and Big Data/business analytics. For segments such as public cloud and web services, these customers are managing the very largest data centers in the

world.

98. Arista products are designed with a large number of receive buffers for dealing with data streams from several application servers simultaneously for applications requiring a high volume of "east-west" traffic within the data center, such as "big data" environments like Hadoop. For example, a web server might be responding to my request for a company's web page, but also needs to fill in the ad space sold to an advertiser. It then sends a request to an ad server located within a different rack in the data center. The request may be handled by several switches before it arrives at the ad server. Simultaneously, other users may also be requesting web pages from the same site, generating many more requests to the same ad server. As a consequence of this large traffic "burst" sent to one server, the switch closest to the ad server should be capable of storing all of the ad insertion requests until the ad server can process them.

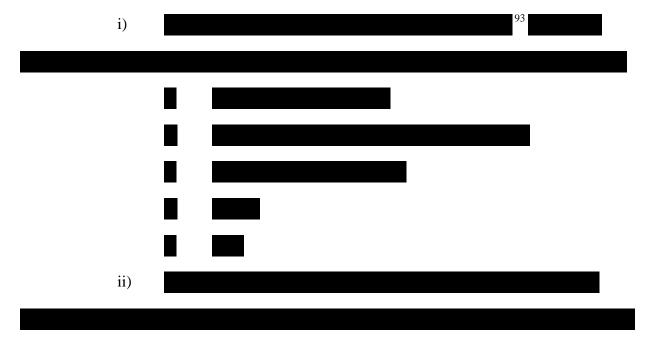




100. Arista serves a diverse set of customers with varied needs and preferences.

Therefore, different features or performance metrics appeal to different customers, depending on their given industry, preexisting equipment structure, and in some cases, company politics.

Although it is nearly impossible to completely disentangle the various motivations that drive customers to choose one competitor's product over another, the following preferences stand out within the market segments that Arista and its competitors sell their products in.

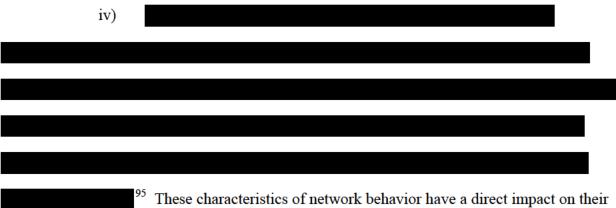


⁹³ Sadana 30(b)(6) Rough Vol. 1 Dep. Tr. at 76-77.

provider's data center must separate and segregate data traffic of each of its customers for security, performance and billing purposes. Switches within their data centers must provide

"tunneling" and routing capabilities that isolate one customer's traffic from another's.

iii) Service providers rooted in telephony services often require that network switches comply with NEBS (Network Equipment Building System) standards for physical characteristics such as power, cooling, and packaging.



business, since delay of a trade can translate into millions of dollars of losses. As one Arista customer in the banking industry pointed out:

Typically people that are sending you these [electronic trading] orders are tracking the latency and so if they are seeing lots of jitter in their latency, they may move those orders to a different place that they think has better latency because usually they have their own strategy engines that are determining when they want to do a trade and so if you're late getting that trade from them to the market, you can have severe— like they think the thing should be at five dollars and it ends up trading at five dollars and two cents, it's not a big deal if it's five shares but if it's a million shares, it could be a lot of money. ⁹⁶

⁹⁴

Redacted Birnbaum Dep. Tr. at 23:8-23.





- 102. I note that from the evidence available from these customers or prospective customers, none mentioned a "Cisco-like CLI" or "industry-standard CLI" on their list of switch product requirements.
- 103. I offer no opinion as to whether any of Arista's switches are superior to the most closely related Cisco switches. I appreciate that each customer likely has its own focus, and will value some features or performance achievements over others. I note that Arista's switches have received very favorable reviews and high praise for their quality and performance. 105

And the available evidence suggests that Arista's main customers all have chosen Arista because of product features other than the CLI.

104. A similar CLI is ultimately not the lead marketing message that vendors' sales teams use to win potential customers. 107 Customers simply require an industry-standard CLI because of investment they have already made. 108 It reduces some barriers to entry, but it is not a primary selling point. 109 Customers simply expect all of their vendors to provide a CLI that is similar to Cisco's, so barring one vendor would reduce customer's choice. 110

¹⁰⁵See Interop Awards, 2013, 2010, http://www.interop.com/lasvegas/special-events/best-of-interop-awards.php; http://www.networkworld.com/article/3048914/cloud-computing/arista-takes-on-cisco-juniper-at-routing.html; http://www.networkworld.com/article/3025413/cisco-subnet/arista-beefs-up-eos-to-make-cloud-migrations-easier.html; http://www.networkworld.com/article/2241525/virtualization/arista--blade-win-top-spot-in-data-center-switch-test.html .

See Foss Dep. Tr. at. 95:18-22; ANI-ITC-944 945 3632834; ARISTANDCA10200601.

¹⁰⁸ See Redacted Sadana Dep. Tr. (March 17, 2016) at 109:1-4.

¹⁰⁹ See Foss Dep. Tr. at. 177:11-14; 177:22-25-178:1-3; 179:5-10.

¹¹⁰ See supra section VII.

B. Market share data suggests that the use of an IOS-like CLI by Arista has not been a cause of market harm to Cisco.

105. Cisco has long been aware of the existence of other vendors' implementations of CLI similar to Cisco's. As any rational business leader would conclude, if Cisco believed common IOS commands caused it market harm, it would have attempted to stop such widespread usage by others long ago. But Cisco has not.

106. To evaluate whether having a CLI common to Cisco was a cause of market harm to Cisco, I considered the relative market shares of Cisco and three competitors in the data center Ethernet switching market: Force10 (now Dell), ¹¹² Brocade and HP. The Dell/Force10 CLI was found to be the closest match with that of Cisco's, ¹¹³ as demonstrated in a Dell video. ¹¹⁴ Dell competes with Cisco in the chassis/modular high-speed ethernet data center switch market. ¹¹⁵ Specifically, Force10's specialty is in high-performance and high-density switches used by research labs, web-hosting companies, and financial trading organizations. ¹¹⁶ The CLIs of Brocade and HP were found to be similar to that of Cisco's, although not as similar as Dell's. ¹¹⁷

107. If a competitor's use of CLI common to Cisco's caused Cisco market harm, we would expect to see that competitor's market share increase over time. Since Dell/Force10's CLI most closely resembles that of Cisco's, we would expect the market share of Dell in particular to increase.

¹¹¹ See supra section VII at paragraphs 77-78, 80, 85.

 $^{^{112} \} http://www.networkworld.com/article/2179414/virtualization/dell-takes-deeper-dive-into-networking--buys-force 10.html \ .$

Black Vendor Comparison Chart-Accused Commands; John Black telephone conversation, May 31, 2016.

¹¹⁴ ARISTANDCA00232401.

¹¹⁵ 4Q15 Crehan Quarterly Market Shares - Data Center Switch," Crehan, Mar 2016.

¹¹⁶ http://www.networkworld.com/article/2179414/virtualization/dell-takes-deeper-dive-into-networking--buys-force10.html.

¹¹⁷ Black Vendor Comparison Chart—Accused Commands.



http://www.networkworld.com/article/2179414/virtualization/dell-takes-deeper-dive-into-networking--buys-force10.html.

Arista's market share trajectory is

explained at least in part by its suitability for the burgeoning cloud computing market. 119

- 110. The similarity of a vendor's CLI to Cisco's CLI does not correlate with changes to that vendor's market share. Consistent with the testimonial evidence I discuss above in paragraphs 101-102, this market share data suggests that product attributes *other* than the CLI performance, product features, reliability, etc.— are the determining factors in customer purchase decisions for data center Ethernet switches. 120
- 111. The objective market evidence indicates that use of common CLI by other vendors likely has not affected Cisco's market share. To the extent that Arista has grown its market share in the high speed data center, or done so partially at the expense of Cisco, all of the evidence suggests that it is because of Arista's features and performance superiority. There is no indication that Arista's growth has been a result of the same common commands supplied in products offered by many other manufacturers, nor would that be consistent with my experience in the industry.
- Specifically, based upon my experience in the industry and my review of 112. materials discussed here, the root of Arista's sales growth is likely its product hardware and

 $^{^{119}\} http://www.nasdaq.com/article/arista-networks-hot-off-ipo-builds-with-cloud-trend-cm 390447\ \text{``The cloud-trend-cm}\ and a com/article/arista-networks-hot-off-ipo-builds-with-cloud-trend-cm 390447\ \text{``The cloud-trend-cm}\ and a com/arista-networks-hot-off-ipo-builds-with-cloud-trend-cm 390447\ \text{``The cloud-trend-cm}\ and a com/arista-networks-hot-off-ipo-buil$ computing trend has become a rainmaker for investors in Arista Networks."; http://finance.yahoo.com/news/ipoarista-targets-cisco-hot-221600121 html; http://www.networkworld.com/article/3048914/cloud-computing/aristatakes-on-cisco-juniper-at-routing html; http://www.networkworld.com/article/3023848/cloud-computing/aristanetworks-pops-next-gen-os.html; see also supra paragraphs 89, 90, 98.

¹²⁰ 4O15 Crehan Ouarterly Market Shares - Data Center Switch," Crehan, Mar 2016.

121

software architecture. ¹²¹ The Arista architecture has enabled their product developers to produce a rich feature set that appeals to a broad spectrum of customers—not because its command line interface resembles that of Cisco's or any other vendor's. A system architecture is implemented in hardware and software. Arista's architecture was designed from the beginning to be modular, allowing for key components to easily be replaced by creating device-independent interfaces, for example. This characteristic allows the company to more quickly integrate new designs from merchant chip vendors like Broadcom, which gives Arista a time-to-market advantage for the introduction of new models. ¹²² The use of an unmodified Linux kernel as the core operating system provides a very high degree of resiliency and reliability, with the ability to rapidly integrate new features and functions. The Arista architecture is a competitive advantage for the company by enabling the delivery of new products or product enhancements with a shorter time-to-market than the competition. Innovation remains the driving force of the networking industry, and Arista's architecture is one of the most innovative designs that I have seen in many years.

113. In summary I conclude that market share data, combined with the other available evidence regarding Arista's marketing and sales, suggests that it is highly unlikely that Arista's industry-standard command line interface resembling that of Cisco's has caused any harm to the market for Cisco's products incorporating IOS, NX OS or IOS XR. To the extent Cisco has lost market share, or to the extent Arista has gained market share, all available evidence suggests that it is due to Arista product characteristics other than the CLI. Customers of network equipment expect all vendors to conform to the standards prevalent within the industry whether those standards are created by formal standards organizations or by vendors themselves. Without standards, the Internet as we know it would not exist, and there would not be as many market

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¹²¹ http://www.bradreese.com/blog/3-18-2015 htm.

^{122 &}quot;Networking Technology," Henderson, A., Needham & Co. research note, March 18, 2015.

participants in the manufacturing of switches and routers as there are. The standards that exist in the networking industry allow customers to freely choose from a number of potential suppliers with the assurance that those products will properly interoperate, can be installed and operated by trained network experts, and provide a high degree of certainty that such a multi-vendor network will provide reliable service to its users at a competitive cost of ownership. And as important for the customers, those standards force competitive equipment suppliers to innovate above and beyond the standards to win customers. I am not aware of any instance in the history of networking in which the mere following of an industry convention or standard resulted in market share gain; in fact, it is illogical even to conceive of such a result since being the "same" cannot win customers. So too here in the ethernet switching market where Arista's success has been the result of many factors, but not the CLI.

EXHIBIT A

128 Dover Road Wellesley, Massachusetts 02482 Mobile: 617.803.6987 E-Mail: <u>bseifert@icloud.com</u>

Summary

I am an experienced engineer/entrepreneur, who has founded and held leadership positions in a number of software-intensive communications companies. I possess deep experience in conceiving and delivering new products to market, managing product development and marketing organizations, and building relationships with strategic partners. I have served on numerous corporate boards of directors for both private and public companies, with service on strategic, audit, and compensation committees. I am also actively involved in leadership roles with several volunteer organizations.

Specialties: Formulating and executing on the strategic vision of a company through technological innovation; translating a company's strategy into concrete operating goals, objectives, and plans that drive top-line growth; providing effective team leadership in addressing operational issues; developing LEAN engineering organizations; understanding and translating customer needs into new product requirements; executing on bringing complex product developments to market; providing an effective public "voice" at conferences, seminars, etc.

Skills Profile

- Execution-focused, innovative technologist experienced in product definition, market analysis and engineering design, architecture and engineering development for delivering new products to market on plan
- Experienced venture capital investor with several series A-to-liquidity events, successfully negotiating mergers and acquisitions with such companies as Lucent, Hewlett-Packard, IBM, and Skyworks Solutions
- Extensive network of professional and executive contacts in multiple industries and technologies
- Proven execution skills at every management level including CEO, CTO, VP Product Management and VP,
 Engineering
- Corporate and product strategist, with proven skills in strategic planning, goal and objective setting and establishment of operational plans
- Experienced and engaged board member, active on various committees executive, compensation, audit
 of both private and public companies
- Effective public speaker and presenter

Experience

IT and business consultant

October 2013 - Present

I provide independent analysis, advice, and implementation of computing and networking products and services for manufacturers, resellers, and end-users. I have broad-based experience and knowledge of computer networking technologies, deployment techniques, and operational acumen. I bring a businessoriented approach to every problem and solution, and can assist in hands-on deployment of practical networked computing systems and applications.

Chief Technology Officer, Avaya Networking

April 2010 - October 2013

Developed strategic relationships with technology and business partners in Ethernet-based storage, video surveillance, and WAN optimization, creating a new architectural framework for leveraging Avaya's leadership in IEEE 802.1aq Shortest Path Bridging over local and wide-area networks based on the VSP switch family. I worked with Avaya's corporate strategic planning and m&a groups for setting a new path for the company, and participated in industry events and technology forums for this former Nortel data networking business unit acquired by Avaya in late 2009

Independent Consultant

July 2009 - March 2010

 Consulted for information technology companies, particularly for communications equipment manufacturers, wireless component and subsystem suppliers, and communications software vendors

General Partner, Prism VentureWorks

October 1998 - June 2009

- Recruited by managing general partner as first non-founder general partner of this early-stage information technology and life science venture capital firm
- Raised over \$1B for funds III through V, during the period 2000 2005
- Led and managed investments in several successful early-stage technology start-up companies resulting in returns of 3x 5x to Prism's limited partner investors: Telica (carrier IP telephony manufacturer), DSL.net (CLEC service provider), Collation (J2EE network management), Colubris Networks (802.11 a/b/g/n WiFi intelligent access points), SiGe Semiconductor (mixed-signal ICs, 802.11 a/b/g/n RF front-end modules)
- Served as an active board member for fifteen companies over eleven years
- Held offices of Chairman and acting CEO for Colubris Networks and Sagamore Systems
- Initiated and chaired Prism's CEO Summits, showcasing portfolio companies and CEOs to industry executives and other venture capital investors

Member, Board of Directors, Digital Lightwave

October 1997 - October 2000

Served as lead independent director for this manufacturer of portable optical network protocol analyzers

- Chaired special committee formed to handle fall-out from Q1'98 financial restatement including: hiring lead investigating attorneys and outside litigation counsel to manage shareholder actions; recruiting new CEO and management team; settling shareholder class action lawsuits; raising outside capital from private investor
- Actively assisted new CEO in executing corporate turnaround, bringing company back to profitability, increasing share price over 6000% (from \$2/share in 1998, over \$120/share in 2000)

President & CEO, Founder, Agile Networks

November 1992 - November 1997

- Conceived novel product integrating ATM and Ethernet switching technologies with automated vlan software to seamlessly network distributed computing resources for campus and enterprise customers
- Assembled management team, recruited core engineering team, and raised \$6.2m first-round venture capital from Accel Partners, Oak Investment Partners, Charles River Ventures, and ABS Ventures
- Awarded the Most Innovative New Product at Networld-Interop '94, for the company's first product offering, ATMizer 1000
- Delivered over 500 ATMizer systems to premiere Fortune 500 companies and leading universities,
 including Bear-Stearns, Hewlett-Packard, Lucent Technologies, University of Mississippi, Georgia Technologies
- Sold company to Lucent Technologies in October, 1996, (first acquisition following Lucent's September,
 1996 spin-out from AT&T) generating over 8x return to first-round investors

Vice President & CTO, Founder, Wellfleet Communications

June 1986 - November 1991

- Conceived and architected the first multiprotocol bridge-router for interconnecting LANs over high-speed digital circuits
- Recruited and staffed core engineering team; delivered first product to market in November, 1988; assisted CEO in raising three rounds of venture capital; supported Senior VP, Sales & Marketing, in closing large early accounts: 3M, Bear-Stearns, Combustion Technology, Bell Atlantic, NYNEX, Swisscom, and Credit Suisse
- Drafted Form S-1 product and technology sections for Wellfleet's initial public offering in August, 1991
 with a market capitalization exceeding \$300M in the first day of trading on NASDAQ

Design Engineer, Interlan, Inc

June 1981 - November 1985

 Cofounder and first design engineer of this startup, one of the first manufacturers of Ethernet controllers for then-popular computer systems, e.g., DEC VAX, PDP-11, LSI-11, Intel Multibus, Data General Eclipse, IBM PC.

 Chief engineer of the NTS-10 Ethernet Terminal Server, and codeveloped an in-house engineered implementation of the Xerox Network Systems protocol stack, used in the NTS-10 and other XNS-based networking software ported to several operating systems.

Design Engineer, Digital Equipment Corporation

July 1979 - May 1981

- Served as a systems engineer in the Microcomputer Products Group within Digital and the group's
 engineering representative to the Digital-Intel-Xerox working group that drafted the Ethernet Blue Book
 specification published in September, 1980.
- Developed a remote debugger for embedded LSI-11 applications development, provided technical support for a number of customers
- Designed and implemented Fortran navigation software for Courageous, an entrant in the 1980 America's
 Cup, captained by Ted Turner.

Member of Technical Staff, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory

September 1975 - June 1979

- Provided turn-key engineering design, and implementation of microcomputer systems and software for a variety of projects within Group E-5
- Maintained software used for control of the Plutonium Reprocessing Facility; designed and wrote one of the first microcomputer programs used to control milling machines for the fabrication of components employed in devices for the National Test Site near Las Vegas, NV
- Led the software team responsible for the data acquisition and control software for Antares, a 100kJ laser fusion facility

Military Service

Basic & Advanced Individual Training, Ft Polk, LA

Officer Candidate School (RC), Ft Benning, GA

February 1972 - May 1972

Signal Officer Basic Course, Ft Gordon, GA

June 1972 - August 1972

Lieutenant, U.S. Army Signal Corps, Michigan ARNG

September 1971 - January 1972

February 1972 - May 1972

September 1972 - August 1975

Individual Ready Reserve, U.S. Army

September 1975 - August 1977

Volunteer

Mentor, Massachusetts Institute of Technology Venture Mentoring Service January 2015 - present Provide practical, experienced advice and counsel to aspiring entrepreneurs within the MIT community of students, staff, faculty and alumni.

Member, Board of Directors, Michigan State University Foundation

January 2014 - present

Assist in directing financial resources to promising research areas within MSU, and through Spartan

Innovations, promoting entrepreneurism among students, staff, faculty and alumni of Michigan State.

Member, Board of Directors, Wellesley Youth Football

Provide guidance and support for the participation of Wellesley's finest boys and young men in the greatest game ever invented - football!

January 2013 - December 2015

Education

Michigan State University, MSEE September 1973 - June 1975

Michigan State University, BSEE September 1967 - June 1971

Honors and Awards

John D Ryder Electrical and Computer Engineering Alumni Award

June 2011

Established in 2004, this award commemorates the outstanding professional contributions of John D. Ryder, former Dean of the College of Engineering at Michigan State University and professor in the department. Nominations are made by alumni, faculty, and students. The department's advisory committee selects the award winner in consultation with the chairperson. The award is given on the basis of contributions in furthering the mission of the department - which is to provide undergraduate and graduate education characterized by quality, access, and relevance; and to develop distinctive research programs in electrosciences, systems, and computer engineering, with the promise of sustained excellence as measured in scholarship, external investment, reputation, and impact.

Publications and Publicity

"Back in the Saddle", Boston Business Journal

December 2010

"Spending more than a decade in a completely different industry probably qualifies as more than a diversion, but for William Seifert, taking the chief technology officer position in the Data Solution unit at Avaya Technologies Inc. brings him back full circle to the technology he dealt with back in the 1980s when he helped found Wellfleet Communications Inc...."

"Fast, Cheap, and Out of Control", Wireless Review

November 2002

"Wi-Fi has liberated the Internet for coffeehouse denizens and home high-speed data hipsters everywhere. But for it to work the same magic in the corporate arena, execs like Bill Seifert of Colubris must convince the industry to solve the growing problem of wireless LAN security..."

"VC in the dugout", Boston Business Journal

October 2001

"William Seifert knows all about tough venture capital markets. He had roles in creating three technology companies, and each one sought investment dollars in what could be considered soft years..."

"Bridges and Routers", IEEE Network magazine

January 1988

An examination is made of data link bridges and internetwork routers, two technologies that provide for the extension and interconnection of local networks, which may occur using high-speed wide-area digital data communications services. The discussion of bridges covers simple bridges, learning bridges, source routing, and quality of service offered by bridges. The discussion of routers considers the Transmission Control Protocol and Internet Protocol (known as TCP/IP) used by ARPAnet, DECnet, and quality of service offered by routers.

EXHIBIT B

Corrected Exhibit B William Seifert Documents Considered List

Depositions

Redacted Deposition Transcript of Anshul Sadana taken March 17, 2016

Rough Deposition Transcript of Anshul Sadana taken March 26, 2016

Rough Deposition Transcript of Anshul Sadana taken March 27, 2016

Deposition Transcript of Anthony J. Li, taken February 1, 2016

Deposition Transcript of Balaji Venkatraman, taken May 2, 2016

Redacted Deposition Transcript of Gavin Cato, Dell 30(b)(6), taken May 20, 2016

Redacted Deposition Transcript of Jeffrey Birnbaum, taken May 17, 2016

Deposition Exhibit 407 of Greg Satz, taken March 23, 2016

Deposition Transcript of Mark Edward Berly, taken April 5, 2016

Foss Deposition Transcript taken February 4, 2016 and Exhibits 165, 167, 172, 173, 174

Deposition Exhibits 495, 498, 501, 503, 504, 509, 511, 512, 513 of Martin Hull, taken April 14, 2016

Deposition Exhibits 607, 618 of Soni Jiandani, taken April 29. 2016,

Redacted Rough Deposition Transcript of Jeffrey Birnbaum, taken May 17, 2016

Deposition Transcript of Philip Kasten, taken February 16, 2016

Deposition Exhibit 84 of Terry Slattery, taken January 6, 2016

Deposition Exhibit 353 of Jayshree Ullal, taken February 25, 2016 (I understand that this is an Arista document that contains only Arista confidential information, but was produced from Cisco's files as CSI-CLI-02099053)

Redacted Deposition Transcript of Jayshree Ullal, taken February 25, 2016

Discovery

Redacted Arista's 6th Supplemental Response to Cisco's 1st Set of Interrogatories, dated February 19, 2016

RFC's

RFC 1094

RFC 1242

RFC 3530

Conversations

Steve Collins telephone conversation, 15 May 2016

McKusick telephone conversation, 24 May 2016

Marten Terpstra telephone conversation, 25 May 2016

John Black telephone conversation, May 31, 2016

Cate Elsten, Nick Baciu, and Calvin Sy telephone conversation, 27 May 2016

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Websites

"IEEE Std 802.11TM-2012", The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, http://www.ieee.org/

Barry M. Leiner et al., *The Past and Future History of the Internet* Communications of the ACM Feb. 1997 http://bnrg.eecs.berkeley.edu/~randy/Courses/CS294.S13/1.1x.pdf

"Brief History of the Internet," Cerf et al, October 2012, internetsociety.org

"Brief History of the Internet," Leiner, Cerf et al, Internet Society, 2009

Computer History Museum, on-line archive, http://www.computerhistory.org

Global Consumer Internet Traffic 20102015," MediaBuyerPlanner.com

http://bnrg.eecs.berkeley.edu/~randy/Courses/CS294.S13/1.1x.pdf

http://finance.yahoo.com/news/ipoaristatargetsciscohot221600121.html;

http://www.bradreese.com/blog/3182015.htm

http://www.computerworld.com/article/2522844/networking/management and usability extreme goes its ownway.html

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http://www.oreilly.com/openbook/opensources/book/kirkmck.html

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https://www.ietf.org/blog/2016/01/30yearsofengineeringtheinternet/

IBM Archives, https://www-03.ibm.com/ibm/history/exhibits/pc25/

Internet Engineering Task Force, https://www.ietf.org/

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(http://www.networkworld.com/article/2309917/lan-wan/lan-wan-router-man.html)

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Why the TailF acquisition is a big win for Cisco," Kerravala, Z., Network World

Years of Engineering the Internet, IETF Blog *available at* https://www.ietf.org/blog/2016/01/30-years-of-engineering-the-internet/

http://www.tail-f.com/network-control-system/

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http://www.bradreese.com/blog/arista-4-20-2010.htm

Manuals, Books, Journals, and Presentations

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"TOPS20 Commands Reference Manual," Digital Equipment Corporation, September, 1985

"Xerox Network System Architecture Manual, April, 1985

"The Ethernet, A Local Area Network," DigitalIntelXerox, September, 1980

"Proteon Series p4200 Gateway Software User's Manual", Proteon, Inc., March, 1988

"Computer Networks," Tannebaum, A., Wetherall, D., 2001 (fifth edition), Prentice-Hall

"Gateway System Manual", cisco Systems, July, 1988

"The Tao of IETF: A Novice's Guide to the Internet Engineering Task Force," Hoffman, J., IETF Trust, 2012

"Unix, Linux, and BSD: Command Line Cross-Reference," Marsh, N., FatFreePublishing.com, 2009

"DECServer 100 Terminal Server Operations Guide," Digital Equipment Corporation, January,

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- "Developing Models for a Coherent Treatment of Standard-Setting Issues Under the Patent, Copyright, and Antitrust Laws," Gifford, D., 43 IDEA 331 2003
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- "Open Innovation State of the art and future perspectives," Huizingh, E., Technovation 31, 2011
- "Management Insights," Management Science, Vol. 55, No. 2, February 2009
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- "The Standards Industry," Seltzer, L., Internet World, April 15, 2001
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- "Upgrading and niche usage of PC operating systems," Kretschmer, T., International Journal of Industrial Organization, 22, 2004

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ANI-ITC-944 945-3730417
ANI-ITC-944_945-3930871
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ARISTANDCA00009520
ARISTANDCA00009527
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ARISTANDCA00010491
ARISTANDCA00010595

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ARISTANDCA00224794
ARISTANDCA00224839
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ARISTANDCA00224908
ARISTANDCA00224912
ARISTANDCA00224950
ARISTANDCA00224969
ARISTANDCA00225130
ARISTANDCA00225269
ARISTANDCA00225271
ARISTANDCA00232401
ARISTANDCA00265185
ARISTANDCA00266297
ARISTANDCA00266298
ARISTANDCA00268465
ARISTANDCA00268471
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ARISTANDCA10056691
ARISTANDCA10056719
ARISTANDCA10200566
ARISTANDCA10325636
ARISTANDCA10421680
ARISTANDCA10778934
ARISTANDCA10778935
ARISTANDCA10792656
ARISTANDCA10792657
ARISTANDCA10792665
ARISTANDCA11319314
ARISTANDCA11390001
ARISTANDCA12512295
ARISTANDCA12906635
ARISTANDCA12906635
ARISTANDCA12906637
ARISTANDCA13172736
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ARISTANDCA13681591
ARISTANDCA13681597
ARISTANDCA13681614
ARISTANDCA13681624
ARISTANDCA13681627
ARISTANDCA13681640
ARISTANDCA13681652
ARISTANDCA13681661
ARISTANDCA13681672
ARISTANDCA13681681
ARISTANDCA13681701
ARISTANDCA13681713
ARISTANDCA13681731
ARISTANDCA13681735
ARISTANDCA13681745
ARISTANDCA13681767
ARISTANDCA13682738
ARISTANDCA13682741
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ARISTANDCA13682818
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ARISTANDCA13682850
CSI-ANI-00123088
CSI-ANI-00123091
CSI-ANI-00128203
CSI-ANI-00626035
CSI-CLI-01481529
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Miscellaneous

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- Dennis Freeman email to general sun listsery, Subject: ONC/NFS Update, 19 Apr 1991
- Kirk McKusick email to Stephen X. Nahm, Subject: Sun RPC in BSD, Fri, 19 May 1989
- Stephen X. Nahm email to Kirk McKusick, Subject: Sun RPC in BSD, 19 May 1989
- Kirk McKusick email to Stephen X. Nahm, Subject: Sun RPC in BSD, Tue, 11, July 1989
- Stephen X. Nahm email to Kirk McKusick, Subject: Sun RPC in BSD, dated July 13, 1989
- Dennis Freeman email to Sun Corp re ONC/NFS Update, dated April 19,1991
- Letter to Marhsall Kirk McKusick re Berkeley Software Distributions, undated
- Black Vendor Comparison Chart accused Commands
- William T. Nelson Declaration in Support of Blade Network Technologies, dated May 27, 2016
- "Networking Technology", Henderson, A., Needham & Co. research note, March 18, 2015
- "Commercial aspirations" (graph), ComputerWorld, pg 20, 21 September 1992
- "The Standards Industry," Seltzer, L., Internet World, pgs 50-53, 15 April 2001
- "Routers Buyers Guide," Network World, September 27, 1993
- Soni Jiadani, OPEN: A Fundamental Part of the Network of the Future, Cisco Blogs, Nov. 6, 2014 Jiandani Ex. 604 (I understand that this public document was produced by Cisco as CSI-CLI-03316935, but improperly marked as Highly Confidential by Cisco.)
- Tail-f Network Control System 3.3 Getting Started Guide, http://www.tail-f.com/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2014/12/ncs_getting_started.pdf (I understand that this public document was produced by Cisco as CSI-CLI-04633845, but improperly marked by Cisco as Highly Confidential)
- And All Materials Cited or Considered in the Attached Expert Report

EXHIBIT C

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 74 of 92 APPENDIX C - Summary of Industry Usage of Command Modes and Prompts

Cisco Command Mode	Stanford Ethertip/Gateway Modes	Adtran AOS Command Mode	Alcatel Command Mode	Allied Telesis Command Mode	Lucent Command Mode
User EXEC	User	Basic (command security level)	Normal Exec	User Exec	User
Privileged EXEC	Privileged	Enable (command security level)	Privileged Exec	Privileged Exec	Privileged
Global Configuration	N/A	Global (configuration mode)	Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global
Interface Configuration	N/A	Interface (configuration mode)	Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface
Cisco Command Prompt	Stanford Ethertip/Gateway Prompts	Adtran AOS Command Prompt	Alcatel Command Prompt	Allied Telesis Command Prompt	Lucent Command Prompt
router> switch>	>	Router>	Console>	Console>	Cajun>
router# switch#	#	Router#	Console#	Console#	Cajun#
router(config)# switch(config)#	N/A	Router(config)#	Console(config)#	Console(config)#	Cajun (configure)#

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 75 of 92 APPENDIX C - Summary of Industry Usage of Command Modes and Prompts

Nortel NNCLI Command Mode	Avaya ERS 8600 Command Mode	Foundry Command Mode	Brocade Command Mode	Dell Command Mode	Force 10 Command Mode (2008+)
User EXEC	User EXEC	User EXEC	User EXEC	User EXEC	User Exec
Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Privileged Exec
Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global CONFIG	Global configuration	Global Configuration	Global Config
Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface CONFIG	Interface subtype configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface Config
Nortel NNCLI Command Prompt	Avaya ERS 8600 Command Prompt	Foundry Command Prompt	Brocade Command Prompt	Dell Command Prompt	Force 10 Command Prompt
Passport-8300:5>	ERS-8600:5>	BigIron>	device>	console>	hostname >
Passport-8300:5#	ERS-8600:5#	BigIron#	device#	console#	hostname #
Passport-8300:5(config)#	ERS-8600:5 <config>#</config>	BigIron(config)#	device(config)#	console(config)#	hostname (Config)#
Passport-8300:5(config- if)#	ERS-8600 <config-if>#</config-if>	BigIron(config-if-5/1)#	device(config-if-e1000- 1/1/1)#	console(config-if)#	hostname (conf-if-vl-vlan- id)#

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 76 of 92 APPENDIX C - Summary of Industry Usage of Command Modes and Prompts

D-Link CLI Command Mode	Edge-Core CLI Command Mode	Ericsson (2006) CLI Command Mode	Ericsson (2009) CLI Command Mode	Redback CLI Command Mode	Extreme Networks CLI Command Mode
User EXEC	Normal EXEC	Normal EXEC	User EXEC	Exec (privilege level < 6)	User Exec (or USER EXEC)
Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Privileged EXEC	Exec (privilege level 6+)	Privileged Exec (or PRIV EXEC)
Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global Configuration
Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration
D-Link CLI Command Prompt	Edge-Core CLI Command Prompt	Ericsson (2006) CLI Command Prompt	Ericsson (2009) CLI Command Prompt	Redback CLI Command Prompt	Extreme Networks CLI Command Prompt
Console>	Console>	Console>	esn212>	>	WMController>
Console#	Console#	Console#	esn212#	#	WMController#
Console(config)#	Console(config)#	Console(config)#	esn212(config)#	(config)#	WMController(config)#
Console(config-if)#	Console(config-if)#	Console(config-if)#	esn212(config-if)#	(config-if)#	WMController(config- if)#

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 77 of 92 APPENDIX C - Summary of Industry Usage of Command Modes and Prompts

HP ProCurve CLI Command Mode	Unisphere CLI Command Mode	Juniper JUNOSe CLI Command Mode	ISCLI Command Mode	NETGEAR ProSAFE Command Mode	NextHop Command Mode
User EXEC	User EXEC	User EXEC	User EXEC	User EXEC	User Execution
Privileged Exec	Privileged Exec	Privileged EXEC	Privileged Exec	Privileged Exec	Privileged Execution
CONFIG ("global CONFIG" level)	Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global Configuration	Global Config	Global Configuration
CONFIG ("interface level")	Interface Configuration	Interface Configuration	Interface Port Configuration	Interface Config	Interface Configuration
HP ProCurve CLI Command Prompt	Unisphere CLI Command Prompt	Juniper JUNOSe CLI Command Prompt	ISCLI Command Prompt	NETGEAR ProSAFE Command Prompt	NextHop Command Prompt
HP9300>	ERX-0-1-90>	host1>	G8000>	Switch>	routerz>
HP9300#	ERX-0-1-90#	host1#	G8000#	Switch#	routerz#
HP9300(config)#	ERX-0-1-90(config)#	host1(config)#	G8000(config)#	Switch (Config)#	routerz(config)#
				Switch (Interface	

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 78 of 92 APPENDIX C - Summary of Industry Usage of Command Modes and Prompts

Oracle/Sun Command Mode (2012)	Procket Command Mode
User EXEC	Operations command mode (Non-Privileged)
Privileged EXEC	Operations command mode (Privileged)
Global Configuration	Configuration command mode
Interface Configuration	Interface subcommand mode
Oracle/Sun Command Prompt (2012)	Procket Command Prompt
Prompt (2012)	Prompt
Prompt (2012) SEFOS>	Prompt Router>

EXHIBIT D

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 80 of 92 APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

Disputed Cisco Command	Brocade Command Syntax	Bates Number of Brocade Manual
aaa accounting	aaa accounting exec default start-stop none	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618,
aaa authentication login	[no] aaa accounting exec default start-stop radius tacacs+ none aaa authentication login { default Idap local radius { local local-auth-	ARISTANDCA BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
add datherniodion log	failback } tacacs+ { local local-auth-failback } }	7.11.15.7.11.15.4.1_51.6.4.15.2517.53515
iddress-family	address-family { ipv4 ipv6 } no address-family { ipv4 ipv6 }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ggregate-address	aggregate-address { ip-addr ip-mask ipv6-addr ipv6-mask } [advertise-map map-name] [as-set] [attribute-map map-name] [summary-only] [suppress-	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
irea nssa	<pre>map map-name area {A.B.C.D decimal } nssa { metric [no-summary] default-information- originate }</pre>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
irea nssa (OSPFv3)	area { IPv6 address decimal } nssa [metric] [default-information-originate [ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	metric num] [metric- type { type-1 type-2 }]] [no-redsitribution] [no- summary] [translator-always] [translator- interval interval]	
rea nssa default-information-originate	area { A.B.C.D decimal } nssa { metric [no-summary] default-information- originate }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
area nssa default-information-originate (OSPFv3)	area { IPv6 address decimal } nssa [metric] [default-information-originate [metric num] [metric- type { type-1 type-2 }]] [no-redsitribution] [no-summary] [translator-always] [translator- interval interval]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
rea range	area { A.B.C.D decimal } range E.F.G.H I.J.K.L [advertise not-advertise] [cost cost value]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
rea range (OSPFv3)	area { Pv6 address decimal } range ipv6 address/mask [advertise not- advertise [cost_cost_value]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
rea stub	area { A.B.C.D decimal } stub metric [no-summary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
rea stub (OSPFv3)	area { A.B.C.D decimal } stub metric [no-summary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
anner login	banner login message	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
anner motd	banner motd <i>message</i>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
fd all-interfaces	bfd all-interfaces all-vrfs	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE1530651
gp redistribute internal	bgp-redistribute-internal	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
oot system	boot system flash { primary secondary } [yes]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
hannel-group	channel-group number mode { active passive on } [type { standard brocade }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
lear arp-cache	clear arp-cache [interface interface-type interface-number [no-refresh]] [ip ip-address [no-refresh] [no-refresh]]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01689556
lear counters	all] port-channel number fibrechannel rbridge-id/slot/port <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port } slot-id number vlan vlan_id } </n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
clear ip msdp sa-cache	storm-control l clear ip msdp [vrf vrf-name] sa-cache [ip-addr]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
lear ip ospf neighbor	clear ip ospf neighbor { A.B.C.D all }	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
lear mac-address-table dynamic	clear mac-address-table dynamic [address mac_address interface Mac Mac	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
lear spanning-tree counters	clear spanning-tree counter [interface port-channel number <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port </n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
lock set	clock set CCYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
lock timezone	clock timezone region/city [rbridge-id {rbridge-Id all }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
efault-information originate (OSPF)	area { A.B.C.D decimal } nssa { metric [no-summary] default-information- originate }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
default-information originate (OSPFv3)	area { IPv6 address decimal } nssa [metric] [default-information-originate [metric num] [metric- type { type-1 type-2 }]] [no-redsitribution] [no-summary] [translator-always] [translator- interval interval]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
default-metric (OSPF)	default-metric <i>metric</i>	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
efault-metric (OSPFv3)	default-metric metric	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
omain-id	domain-id <domain_identifier></domain_identifier>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
ot1x port-control	dot1x port-control { auto force-authorized force-unauthorized }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ot1x reauthentication	dot1x reauthentication	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ot1x timeout reauth-period	dot1x timeout re-authperiod seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ot1x timeout tx-period	dot1x timeout tx-period seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
rrdisable recovery cause	errdisable recovery cause { all cause }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
rrdisable recovery interval	errdisable recovery interval time	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
nterface ethernet	$interface \ [fibrechannel \it rbridge-id/slot/port \ fcoe \it vn-number/rbridge-id/front-port-number \ < N > gigabitethernet \it rbridge-id/slot/port \ port-channel number \ $	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
nterface loopback	vlan vlan id l interface loopback port number	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
nterface port-channel	interface fibrechannel rbridge-id/slot/port fcoe vn-number/rbridge-id/front-	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	port-number <n>gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number vlan ylan id l</n>	2
nterface vlan	interface [fibrechannel rbridge-id/slot/port fcoe vn-number/rbridge-id/front- port-number <n>gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number vlan vlan id </n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
p access-group	ip access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
p access-list	p access-list { standard extended } ACLname	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
p access-list standard	p access-list { standard extended } ACLname	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
p address	ip address ip-address/mask [secondary] [{ ospf-ignore ospf-active }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
p as-path access-list	ip as-path access-list string [seq seq-value] [deny regular-expression permit regular-expression]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
p community-list standard	ip community-list standard community-list-name { deny [community-number AA:NN] permit community-number } [seq seq-value] [internet local-as no-advertise no-export]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 81 of 92 APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands ip domain lookup ip helper-address ip helper-address ip helper-address ip helper-address ip helper-address

ip domain lookup	[no] ip domain-loopkup <ip-address> <host-name></host-name></ip-address>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
ip helper-address	ip helper-address address-number [ip-address [unicast]]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
ip icmp redirect	ip icmp redirect	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
ip igmp last-member-query-interval	ip igmp last-member-query-interval milliseconds	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
ip igmp query-interval	ip igmp query-interval seconds	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
ip igmp query-max-response-time	ip igmp query-max-response-time seconds	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
ip igmp static-group	ip igmp static-group A.B.C.D	ARISTANDEA_BROCADE01785618
		ARISTANDEA_BROCADE01783018 ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
ip igmp version	ip igmp version	
ip load-sharing	ip load-sharing	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip multicast boundary	ip multicast-boundary [prefix-list]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip multicast-routing	ip multicast-routing optimization oif-list all ip multicast-routing load-sharing [ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 AND
ip nat pool	rebalance [no] ip nat pool <pool-name> <start-ip> <end-ip> netmask <ip-mask> prefix-</ip-mask></end-ip></start-ip></pool-name>	ARISTANDCA BROCADE1530651 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
The fact poor	length <length></length>	ANISTANDEA_BROCKBESSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS
	[type match-host rotary]	
ip nat translation tcp-timeout	[no] ip nat translation timeout udp-timeout tcp-timeout finrst-timeout	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
	dns-timeout <secs></secs>	
ip nat translation udp-timeout	[no] ip nat translation timeout udp-timeout tcp-timeout finrst-timeout	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
in and such action in the	dns-timeout <secs></secs>	ADICTANDOA DROCADEGAZOEGAG
ip ospf authentication-key	ip ospf authentication-key { 0 password 2 password 255 password	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip ospf cost	password } ip ospf cost value	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
ip ospf dead-interval	ip ospf dead-interval interval	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
		_
ip ospf hello-interval	ip ospf hello-interval interval	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip ospf network	ip ospf network { broadcast point-to-point }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip ospf priority	ip ospf priority value	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip ospf retransmit-interval	ip ospf retransmit-interval rtx-int	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip ospf transmit-delay	ip ospf transmit-delay tx-delay	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip pim dr-priority	ip pim dr-priority <i>priority-value</i>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip prefix-list	ip prefix-list name { [deny ip-prefix/prefix-length permit ip-prefix/prefix-	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	length ge qe-value le le- value seq sequence-number }	ADISTANDOA DROCASSOSSOS
ip proxy-arp	ip proxy-arp	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ip radius source-interface	ip radius source-interface { ethernet stack-id/slot/port loopback number	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
	management number ve number }	ADICTANDO A DROCADEGAZORGA
ip route	ip route A.B.C.D/L A.B.C.D [metric] [distance distance] [tag tag] ip route	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	A.B.C.D/L { <n>gigabitethernet slot/port ve vlan_id } [metric] [distance distance</n>	
] [tag tag] ip route A.B.C.D/L null slot/port [metric] [distance distance] [tag tag]	
ip tacacs source-interface	ip tacacs source-interface { ethernet stack-id/slot/port loopback number	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
·	management number ve number }	_
ipv6 access-list	ipv6 access-list { standard extended } ACLname	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 access-list ipv6 address	ipv6 access-list { standard extended } ACLname ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
•		_
ipv6 address ipv6 enable	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra ifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nd reachable-time	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-iffetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 neighbor ipv6address MACaddress	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nospf area	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd seconds ipv6 nd reachable time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable nd pv6-address ipv6 nd reachable nd pv6-addr	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nospf area ipv6 ospf cost	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time fluiting seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time fluiting seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nospf area	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd grachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd grachable-time milli seconds ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nospf area ipv6 ospf cost	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time fluit seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time fluit seconds	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 ndspf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd grachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd grachable-time milli seconds ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 neghbor ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-elfetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 neighbor ipv6address MACaddress ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf cost value ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 neighbor ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 neighbor ipv6address MACaddress ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 neighbor ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf foost ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf network ipv6 ospf network ipv6 ospf priority ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf cost ipv6 ospf ded-interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf network ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 neighbor ipv6address MACaddress ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf cost value ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay value	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 neighbor ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf foost ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf network ipv6 ospf network ipv6 ospf priority ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf cost value ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } ipv6 ospf priority value ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay value ipv6 ospf transmit-delay value ipv6 prefix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 neighbor ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf cost ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf priority ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 neighbor ipv6address MACaddress ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf cost value ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay value	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nspf area ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf hello-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf network ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay ipv6 prefix-list	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf set area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf transmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay value ipv6 ospf transmit-delay value ipv6 prefix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-lenath ge ge-value le le-value] sea sequence-number }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
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ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nspf area ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf hetwork ipv6 ospf priority ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf transmit-delay ipv6 route ipv6 route ipv6 router ospf ipv6 router ospf ipv6 unicast-routing isis hello-interval isis hello-interval	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-iftetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-alifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf priority value ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 ospf refix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-length ge ae-value le le-value l le sa sequence-number ipv6 route dest-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-ipv6-address link-local-next-hop-ipv6-address [xN> gigabitethernet slot/port null 0 ve vlan_id metric I distance number [tag tag] ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 command level-1-only level-2-only [no] isis hello-interval <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] [no] isis hello-multiplier <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] You can change the metric value for a specific interface using the isis metric command or the isis ipv6 command. The isis metric command configuration takes precedence over the default-link metric value command configuration.</num></num>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd rainterval ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nspf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf priority ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay ipv6 route ipv6 router ipv6 router ospf ipv6 unicast-routing isis hello-interval isis metric	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf cost value ipv6 ospf cost value ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } { ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 ospf refix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-length ga ex-value le le-value 1 sea seauence-number } { ipv6 route dest-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-ipv6-address link-local-next-hop-ipv6-address [xN> gigabitethernet slot/port null 0 ve vlan_id] [metric] [distance number] [tag tag] ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 router ospf [vrf name] ipv6 unicast-routing [no] isis hello-interval < num> [level-1-only level-2-only] You can change the metric value for a specific interface using the isis metric command or the isis ipv6 command. The isis metric command configuration takes precedence over the default-link metric value command configuration.	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd rainterval ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nspf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf fretransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay ipv6 route ipv6 route ipv6 router ospf ipv6 noter ospf isis hello-interval isis hello-nultiplier isis metric	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-iftetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-alifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf priority value ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 ospf refix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-length ge ae-value le le-value l le sa sequence-number ipv6 route dest-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-ipv6-address link-local-next-hop-ipv6-address [xN> gigabitethernet slot/port null 0 ve vlan_id metric I distance number [tag tag] ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 command level-1-only level-2-only [no] isis hello-interval <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] [no] isis hello-multiplier <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] You can change the metric value for a specific interface using the isis metric command or the isis ipv6 command. The isis metric command configuration takes precedence over the default-link metric value command configuration.</num></num>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 nspf area ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf fedad-interval ipv6 ospf fetransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 orpf retransmit- interval ipv6 route ipv6 route ipv6 router ospf ipv6 unicast-routing isis hello-interval isis passive isis passive	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-conds-time milli seconds ipv6 nd ra-lifetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd sp6 reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf network { broadcast point-to-point } { ipv6 ospf priority value ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 prefix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-lenath ge ae-value le le-value] sea sequence-number ipv6 route dest-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-ipv6-address link-local-next-hop-ipv6-address x/N gigabitethernet slot/port null 0 ve vlan_id mextic [distance number] [tag tag] ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 router ospf [vrf name] ipv6 router ospf [vrf name] ipv6 unicast-routing [no] isis hello-interval <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] You can change the metric value for a specific interface using the isis metric command or the isis ipv6 command. The isis metric command configuration takes precedence over the default-link metric value command configuration. [no] isis passive [no] isis priority <num> [level-1-only level-2-only]</num></num>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
ipv6 address ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra interval ipv6 nd ra lifetime ipv6 nd reachable-time ipv6 ospf area ipv6 ospf dead-interval ipv6 ospf fello-interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf retransmit- interval ipv6 ospf route ipv6 route isis hello-interval isis hello-interval isis passive isis priority is-type	ipv6 address ipv6-prefix/prefix-length [secondary] ipv6 enable ipv6 access-group ACLname { in out } [switched routed] ipv6 nd managed-config-flag ipv6 nd ns-interval seconds ipv6 nd other-config-flag ipv6 nd ra-interval max-value min min-value ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd ra-ilfetime seconds ipv6 nd reachable-time milli seconds ipv6 nd grachable-time milli seconds ipv6 ospf area area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf set area-id ipv6-addr ipv6 ospf dead-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf hello-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-interval interval ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 ospf retransmit-delay value ipv6 ospf refix-list name { [deny ipv6-prefix/prefix-length permit ipv6-prefix/prefix-lenath ge ge-value le le-value] sea seauence-number ipv6 route dest-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-ipv6-address link-local-next-hop-ipv6-address lsw-local-next-hop-ipv6-address lsw-local-next-hop-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 route ipv6-prefix/prefix-length next-hop-vrf vrf_name next-hop-ipv6-address ipv6 router ospf [vrf name] ipv6 unicast-routing [no] isis hello-interval <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] [no] isis hello-multiplier <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] You can change the metric value for a specific interface using the isis metric command or the isis ipv6 command. The isis metric command configuration takes precedence over the default-link metric value command configuration. [no] isis passive [no] isis proirity <num> [level-1-only level-2-only] [no] isis type level-1-only level-2-only]</num></num></num>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898

APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands lldp run ldp run no lldp run ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 oad-interval statistics-load-interval { seconds | accumulated } ARISTANDCA BROCADE01530651. ARISTANDCA BROCADE00062898 oad-interval <interval: ogging host { ipv4-addr | server-name | ipv6 ipv6-addr } [udp-port number] ogging host ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 log-adjacency-changes (IS-IS) ARISTANDCA BROCADE00062898 [no] log-adjacency-changes mac access-group mac access-group ACLname { in | out } [switched | routed] ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 mac-address-table aging-time mac-address-table { aging-time seconds | conversational aging_time | learningmode conversational } mac-address-table static mac-address-table static mac-addr forward { <N> gigabitethernet rbridge-ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 d/slot/port | port-channel number | vlan vlan id maximum-paths *num* | use-load-sharing ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 maximum-paths maximum-paths (OSPFv3) ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 maximum-paths num no maximum-paths neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } activate neighbor activate ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } default-originate [ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618 neighbor default-originate route-map map-name] neighbor description neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } description string ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618 neighbor ebgp-multihop neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } ebgp-multiphop [ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 max-hop-count 1 neighbor local-as neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } local-as num [no-ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 prepend] neighbor next-hop-self neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } next-hop-self [always ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor password neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } password string ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor peer-group (assigning members) neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address } peer-group string ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor peer-group (creating) neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618 advertisement-interval | allowas-in | as-override | capability as4 | capability or prefixlist default-originate ||description | ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | filter-list |local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix |next-hop- self | password | peer-group | prefix-list | remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map | routereflector-client | send-community | shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | staticnetwork-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-sourceweight } neighbor remote-as neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 |advertisement-interval | allowas-in |as-override | capability as4 | capability or prefixlist default-originate | | description | ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | filter-list | local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix | next-hop-self | password | peer-group | prefix-list | remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map | routeeflector-client |send-community |shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | staticnetwork-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-sourceweight } neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618 neighbor remove-private-as advertisement-interval | allowas-in | as-override | capability as4 | capability orf prefixlist default-originate ||description | ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | filter-list |local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix |next-hop- self | password | peer-group | prefix-list | remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map | routereflector-client |send-community |shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | staticnetwork-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-sourceweight } neighbor route-map neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } route-map { in string ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 out string } neighbor route-reflector-client neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } route-reflector-client ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor send-community neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate ARISTANDCA BROCADF01785618 advertisement-interval | allowas-in | as-override | capability as4 | capability or prefixlist default-originate ||description | ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | filter-list |local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix |next-hop- self | password | peer-group | prefix-list | remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map | routereflector-client |send-community |shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | staticnetwork-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-sourceweight } neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor shutdown |advertisement-interval | allowas-in |as-override | capability as4 | capability orf prefixlist default-originate | | description | ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | filter-list |local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix |next-hop-self | password peer-group | prefix-list | remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map | routeeflector-client |send-community |shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | staticnetwork-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-sourceweight } ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 neighbor soft-reconfiguration neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate |advertisement-interval | allowas-in |as-override | capability as4 | capability or

prefixlist default-originate ||description| ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | filter-list |local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix |next-hop-self | password | peer-group | prefix-list |remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map |routereflector-client |send-community |shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | staticnetwork-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-source weight }

neighbor { ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } { activate | advertisement-interval | allowas-in | as-override | capability as4 | capability or prefixlist default-originate | | description | ebgp-multihop | enforce-first-as | riliter-list | local-as | maxas-limit in | maximum-prefix | next-hop-self | password | peer-group | prefix-list | remote-as | remove-private-as | route-map | route-reflector-client | send-community | shutdown | soft-reconfiguration | static-network-edge | timers | unsuppress-map | update-source weight }

neighbor timers

ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 83 of 92 APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

neighbor update-source	neighbor { ip-address ipv6-address peer-group-name } { activate advertisement-interval allowas-in as-override capability as4 capability orf prefixlist default-originate description ebgp-multihop enforce-first-as filter-list local-as maxas-limit in maximum-prefix next-hop- self password peer-group prefix-list remote-as remove-private-as route-map route-reflector-client send-community shutdown soft-reconfiguration static-network-edge timers unsuppress-map update-source weight }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
neighbor weight	neighbor { ip-address ipv6-address peer-group-name } { activate advertisement-interval allowas-in as-override capability as4 capability orf prefixlist default-originate description ebgp-multihop enforce-first-as filter-list local-as maxas-limit in maximum-prefix next-hop-self password peer-group prefix-list remote-as remove-private-as route-map route-reflector-client send-community shutdown soft-reconfiguration static-network-edge timers unsuppress-map update-sourceweight }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
no snmp-server	no snmp-server community string [groupname group-name][ipv4-acl standard-ipv4-acl-name][ipv6-acl standard-ipv6-acl-name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ntp authentication-key	ntp authentication-key key-id {md5 md5-string sha1 sha1-string }encryption-level enc value	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
ntp server	ntp server ip-address [key key-id]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
private-vlan	private-vlan [isolated community primary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
radius-server host	radius-server host { ip-address host_name } [auth-port portnum] [protocol { chap pap peap }] [key shared_secret] [encryption-level value_level] [timeout sec] [retries num]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
radius-server key	radius-server host { ip-address host_name } [auth-port portnum] [protocol { chap pap peap }] [key shared_secret] [encryption-level value_level] [timeout sec] [retries num]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
radius-server timeout	chap pap peap }] [key shared_secret] [encryption-level value_level] [timeout sec] [retries num]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
route-map	route-map name { permit deny } instance_number	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
router bgp	router bgp	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
router isis	device(config)# router isis	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01530651
router ospf	router ospf [vrf name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
router rip	device(config)# router rip	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01530651
set-overload-bit	[no] set-overload-bit [on-startup <secs>]</secs>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
show arp	show arp [dynamic[summary]] <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port ip ip-address static [summary] summary ve vlan_id] [vrf name] [rbridge-id[all rbridge_id]] slot slot_no [[ip-address] [vrf name] [ip-address]]</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show clock	show clock [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show dot1x	show dot1x	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show dot1x statistics	show dot1x statistics interface [<n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port]</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show environment power	show environment power [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show interfaces	show interface [fibrechannel rbridge-id/slot/port management rbridge-id/slot/port fcoe [vn- number/rbridge-id/front-port-number rbridge-id rbridge-id] <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port loopback number port-channel number stats rbridge-id/slot/port switchport vlan vlan_id]</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show inventory	show inventory [chassis fan module powerSupply]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip access-lists	show access-list { ip ipv6 mac }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	show ip access-list all <acl-number> begin <keyword> exclude <keyword> include <keyword></keyword></keyword></keyword></acl-number>	
show ip bgp	show ip bgp { ip-addr [/prefix] } [longer-prefixes rbridge-id { rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name]	
show ip bgp neighbors	show ip bgp neighbors ip-addr show ip bgp neighbors last-packet-with-error [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] show ip bgp neighbors routes- summary [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all } show ip bgp neighbors vrf vrf-namevrf vrf-name show in han neighbors rbridge-id rbridge-id all	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip bgp peer-group	show ip bgp peer-group peer-group-name [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf- name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip bgp summary	show ip bgp summary [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip extcommunity-list	show ip extcommunity-list [list_name [rbridge-id number] rbridge-id list_name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip igmp groups	show ip igmp groups [[[A.B.C.D [detail]]] rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } [interface [<n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port ve [vlan_id rbridge-id rbridge-id] [detail A.B.C.D]] [interface vlan vlan_id detail] [interface nort-channel number detail]]</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip igmp interface	show ip igmp interface [vlan vlan_id [[A.B.C.D [detail]] rbridge-id { rbridge-id all } [interface [<n>gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port ve [vlan_id rbridge-id rbridge-id] [detail] A.B.C.D]] [[interface vlan vlan_id detail] [</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip igmp snooping	interface nort-channel number detail 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip interface	show ip interface [brief [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port loopback number port-channel number ve vlan_id]</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	show ip interface [brief [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] <n> gigabitethernet</n>	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
show ip interface brief	rbridge-id/slot/port loopback number port-channel number ve vlan_id	
show ip interface brief show ip mroute show ip msdp peer		ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 84 of 92 APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

show ip msdp sa-cache	show ip msdp [vrf vrf-name] sa-cache [counts] [source-address group-address peer peer-address { in out } peer-as as-number orig-rp rp-address rejected [rpf rp-filter sg-filter] self-originated]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
show ip msdp summary	show ip msdp [vrf vrf-name] summary	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
show ip nat translations	show ip nat translation	ARISTANDCA BROCADE00062898
show ip ospf	show ip ospf [vrf name [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }]]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
	show ip ospf border-routers [A.B.C.D] [vrf vrfname [rbridge-id { rbridge-id	_
show in copf database database summary	all }] rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip ospf database database-summary	show ip ospf database database-summary [[vrf vrfname [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }]] rbridge- id {rbridge-id all }]	_
show ip ospf interface	show ip ospf interface [{A.B.C.D <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port [brief] [brief] loopback number port-channel number [brief] ve vlan_id [brief]} [brief]] [[vrf vrfname [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }]] rbridge-id {</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip ospf neighbor	show ip ospf neighbor [extensive] { <pre></pre>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip pim interface	show ip pim interface { ethernet stackid/slot/port-id loopback loopback number ve ve-number }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517
show ip pim neighbor	show ip pim neighbor [interface <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port]</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip pim rp-hash	show ip pim rp-hash A.B.C.D [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ip route	show ip route A.B.C.D [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } show ip route A.B.C.D/M [longer] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] [rbridge-id a	
show ip route summary	show ip route summary [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } show ip route vrf vrf-name [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ipv6 access-list	show ipv6 access-list [acl-name]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
show ipv6 bgp	show ipv6 bgp attribute-entries [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] show ipv6 bgp dampened-paths [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] show ipv6 bgp filtered-routes ipv6-addr mask [longer-prefixes [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] show ipv6 bgp flap-statistics ipv6-addr mask [longer-prefixes [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name] show ipv6 bgp neighbors ipv6-addr show ipv6 bgp peer-group [peer-group-name [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }]] show ipv6 bgp rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } [vrf vrf-name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ipv6 bgp summary	show ipv6 bgp summary [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all } vrf vrf-name]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
show ipv6 interface	show ipv6 interface [brief [rbridge-id { all rbridge-id }] { <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port ve vlan_id [rbridge-id { all rbridge-id }] }</n>	_
show ipv6 ospf interface	show ipv6 ospf interface [all-vrfs] [brief] [mappedID/slot/port [loopback number] [rbridge-id rbridge-id] [ve vlan_id] [vrf vrfname]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ipv6 ospf neighbor	show ipv6 ospf neighbor [all-vrfs] [detail] [interface {/> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port loopback number ve vlan_id }] [rbridge-id rbridge-id] [router-id A.B.C.D] [vrf vrfname]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ipv6 route	show ipv6 route [ipv6address/prefix] [longer] [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id all } show ipv6 route bgp [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id all } } show ipv6 route import [src-vrf-name] [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id }] [vrf vrf-name] [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id all } show ipv6 route slot slot [ipv6address ipv6prefix vrf vrf-name] [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id all } show ipv6 route static [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id }] [vrf vrf-name] [rbridge-id all } show ipv6 route static [rbridge-id all } show ipv6 route system-summary [rbridge-id {all rbridge-id }] [vrf vrf-name] [vrf vr	

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 85 of 92 APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

show ipv6 route summary	show ipv6 route summary [rbridge-id { all rbridge-id }] [vrf vrf-name] [ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
sion iprovoace sammary	rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }	741157741554 (_511567.152617.53616
show isis database	show isis [config counts database [detail level1 level2 summary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE1530651
	hostname interface [brief ethernet loopback pos ipv6 tunnel ve]	
	neighbor [detail] routes <i>ip-addr</i> shortcut [detail lsp] spf-log [detail level1 level2 1 traffic]	
show isis interface	show isis [config counts database [detail level1 level2 summary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE1530651
	hostname interface [brief ethernet loopback pos ipv6 tunnel ve]	_
	neighbor [detail] routes ip-addr shortcut [detail lsp] spf-log [detail	
show lacp counters	level1 level2 traffic show lacp [counters [port-channel] sys-id [port-channel]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
show lidp	show lidp	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01763618 ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
show lidp neighbors	show lidp neighbors [detail ports { all ethernet stack-id/slot/port [to stack-	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA BROCADE01363517
Show hap heighbors	id/slot/port [ethernet stack-id/slot/port to stack-id/slot/port ethernet stack-	ANISTANDEN_BROCKBESISSSIA
	id/slot/port 1 1}1	
show mac-address-table	show mac-address-table [address mac-addr aging-time [conversational [ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	rbridge-id] rbridge-id]] count [addressMAC_address conversational linecard	
	<pre>linecard_number [address [MAC_address rbridge-id rbridge-id]] interface {<n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port vlanvlan_id } dynamic [address</n></pre>	
	MAC_address interface { <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port port-</n>	
	channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] interface { <n></n>	
	gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/ port port-channel number tunnel number	
	vlan vlan_id } static [address MAC_address interface { <n> gigabitethernet</n>	
	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id]	
	vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]]	
	linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic	
	vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id]	
show mac-address-table aging time	show mac-address-table [address mac-addr aging-time [conversational [ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	rbridge-id] rbridge-id]] count [addressMAC_address conversational linecard linecard number [address [MAC address rbridge-id rbridge-id]] interface	
	{ <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port vlanvlan_id } dynamic [address</n>	
	MAC_address interface { <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port port-</n>	
	channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] interface { <n></n>	
	gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/ port port-channel number tunnel number	
	vlan vlan_id } static [address MAC_address interface { <n> gigabitethernet</n>	
	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id]	
	vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic	
	vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id]	
show mac-address-table count	show mac-address-table [address mac-addr aging-time [conversational [ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
show mad address table count	rbridge-id] rbridge-id]] count [addressMAC_address conversational linecard	_
	linecard_number [address [MAC_address rbridge-id rbridge-id]] interface	
	{ <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port vlanvlan_id } dynamic [address</n>	
	MAC_address interface { <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port port-</n>	
	channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] interface { <n></n>	
	gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/ port port-channel number tunnel number	
	ulan ulan id 1 I statis I address NAC address I interface (AN) aigabitathernet	
	vlan vlan_id } static [address MAC_address interface { <n> gigabitethernet</n>	
	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id]	
	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]	
show monitor session	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show monitor session show ntp status	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number < kmmmary.number kmmmary.number kmmmary.number	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel-group-number swip="security show port-security interface [all port-channel-channel-group-number show gos maps [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number > > gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port] show qos maps [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]] show reload	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel-group-number swip="security show port-security interface [all port-channel-channel-group-number show gos maps [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number <a href="https://www.number.numbe</td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618</td></tr><tr><td>show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group</td><td>rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number <a href="https://www.number.num</td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 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user show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id show spanning-tree interface [port-channel number <N> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port </td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618</td></tr><tr><td>show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show snmp user show spanning-tree</td><td>rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show reload show route-map [name] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show snamp [engineid group server user] show snamp [engineid group server user show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id show spanning-tree interface [port-channel number <N> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port show spanning-tree mst instance i nstance_id [interface port-channel number </td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE001785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618</td></tr><tr><td>show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show snmp user show spanning-tree show spanning-tree interface show spanning-tree mst interface</td><td>rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show ntp status [rbridge-id { rbridge-id all }] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number <n/> <n> <n> <n> <n> <n> <n> <n> <n> <n> <n</td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 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<N>gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control show storm-control show storm-control multicast [</td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618</td></tr><tr><td>show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show snmp user show spanning-tree show spanning-tree interface show spanning-tree mst interface</td><td>rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show nonitor [session session_number] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number <n>en_sigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port show qos maps [cos-mutation [name]] cos-traffic-class [name] show route-map [name] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show snmp [engineid group server user] show snmp [engineid group server user] show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id show spanning-tree interface [port-channel number <n>enstance not spanning-tree post mst-config vlan vlan_id show spanning-tree interface [port-channel number cost-channel number show spanning-tree mst instance i nstance_id [interface port-channel number show spanning-tree mst instance i nstance_id [interface port-channel number show storm-control show storm-c</td><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 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port-security show port-security show port-security interface [all port-channel channel-group-number <a href=" https:="" td="" www.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.<=""><td>ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618</td>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 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show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show snmp user show spanning-tree show spanning-tree interface show spanning-tree mst interface show storm-control show users show version	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show monitor [session session_number] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show gort-security show reload show route-map [name] [rbridge-id/slot/port] show snmp [engineid group server user] show snmp [engineid group server user] show snmp [engineid group server user] show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id] show spanning-tree interface [port-channel number vl>gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port] show spanning-tree mst instance i nstance_id [interface port-channel number interface vl>gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show snmp user show spanning-tree show spanning-tree show spanning-tree interface show storm-control show users show version show version show vlan	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show monitor [session session_number] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show spanse [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]] show qos maps [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]] show reload show route-map [name] rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } show snmp [engineid group server user] show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id] show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id] show spanning-tree mst instance i nstance_id [interface port-channel number interface show storm-control show storm-co	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show snmp user show spanning-tree show spanning-tree show spanning-tree interface show storm-control show users show version show version show vlan show vlan private-vlan	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show monitor [session session_number] show port-security show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show gort-security show gort-security show qos maps [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name] show reload show route-map [name] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show snmp [engineid group server user show snmp [engineid group server user show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id show spanning-tree interface [port-channel number <n> gigabitethernet show spanning-tree mst instance in stance_id [interface port-channel number interface <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port show storm-control show storm-control broadcast [interface { <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port] show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet } rbridge-id/slot/port show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet rbridge-id/slot/port show storm-control unknown-unicast I interface <n> gigabitethernet rb</n></n></n></n></n></n></n></n></n></n></n></n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
show ntp status show port-channel summary show port-security show port-security interface show qos maps show reload show route-map show snmp group show spanning-tree show spanning-tree show spanning-tree interface show spanning-tree mst interface show storm-control	rbridge-id/slot/port port-channel number tunnel number vlan vlan_id] vlan vlan_id dynamic interface learning-mode [rbridge-id [rbridge-id]] linecard interface port-profile [addressMAC_address count dynamic vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] static vlanvlan_id] show monitor [session session_number] show monitor [session session_number] show port-channel [channel-group-number detail load-balance summary] show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show port-security show spanse [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]] show qos maps [cos-mutation [name] cos-traffic-class [name]] show reload show route-map [name] rbridge-id {rbridge-id all } show snmp [engineid group server user] show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id] show spanning-tree [pvst mst-config vlan vlan_id] show spanning-tree mst instance i nstance_id [interface port-channel number interface show storm-control show storm-co	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01062898 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 86 of 92 APPENDIX H.BR - Brocade Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

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show vrrp	show vrrp show vrrp VRID [detail summary] [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show vrrp detail [rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show vrrp summary [vrf {vrf-name all } rbridge-id {rbridge-id all }] show vrrp summary vrf default-vrf show vrrp interface { <n>gigabitethernet [rbridge-id /] slot/port [detail summary] ve vlan_id [detail summary rbridge-id }} show vrrp rbridge-id {</n>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
snmp-server community	snmp-server community string [groupname group-name][ipv4-acl standard-lipv4-acl-name][ipv6-acl standard-lipv6-acl-name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
snmp-server contact	snmp-server contact string	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
snmp-server enable traps	snmp-server enable trap	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
snmp-server engineID local	snmp-server engineid local engine id	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
snmp-server group	snmp-server group groupname {v1 v2c v3 {auth noauth priv}} [read	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
Jimp Jerrer group	viewname] [write viewname] [notify viewname]	/
snmp-server host	snmp-server host { ipv4_host ipv6_host dns_host } community_string [version { 1 2c }] [udp-port port] [severity-level { none debug info warning error critical }] [source-interface { loopbacknumber ve vlan_id }] [use-vrf { memt-vrf default-vrf }]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
snmp-server location	snmp-server location string	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
snmp-server user	snmp-server user username [groupname group-name] [auth { md5 sha noauth }] [auth-password string [encrypted]] [priv { DES AES128 nopriv }] [priv-password string [encrypted]] [ipv4-acl standard-ipv4-acl-name] [ipv6-acl-standard-ipv6-acl-name]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
snmp-server view	snmp-server view view-name mib_tree {included excluded}	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
spanning-tree cost	spanning-tree cost <i>cost</i>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
spanning-tree link-type	spanning-tree link-type [point-to-point shared]	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
spanning-tree vlan	spanning-tree vlan vlan id	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
spf-interval	[no] spf-interval <secs></secs>	ARISTANDCA BROCADE00062898
switchport access vlan	switchport access { vlan vlan id rspan-vlan vlan id mac HHHH.HHHH.HHHH	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618
Switchpore access viair	mac-group mac- group-id }	MISTANDER _BROCKBEST/05010
switchport mode	switchport mode { access trunk }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
switchport port-security	switchport port-security mac-address address vlan vlan_id switchport port- security max switchport port-security oui switchport port-security shutdown- time switchport port-security sticky switchport port-security violation	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
switchport private-vlan mapping	switchport private-vlan mapping primary_vlan_ID [add remove] secondary_vlan	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
switchport trunk allowed vlan	switchport trunk allowed { vlan rspan-vlan } { add vlan_id { ctag { id ctag - range } all except vlan id none remove vlan id }	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
switchport trunk native vlan	switchport trunk native-vlan vlan_id [ctag id]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
tacacs-server host	tacacs-server {host hostname source-ip [chassis-ip mm-ip] } [port portnum] [protocol { chap pap }] [key shared_secret] [encryption-level value_level] [timeout secs f retries num]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
tacacs-server key	tacacs-server {host hostname source-ip [chassis-ip mm-ip]} [port portnum][protocol {chap pap }] [key shared_secret][encryption-level value_level][timeout secs [retries num]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
tacacs-server timeout	tacacs-server {host hostname source-ip [chassis-ip mm-ip]} [port portnum] [protocol {chap pap }] [key shared_secret] [encryption-level value_level] [timeout secs] [retries num]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
terminal length	terminal [length number_of_lines] [monitor] [timeout value]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
terminal monitor	terminal [length number_of_lines] [monitor] [timeout value]	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01785618
timers basic (RIP)	[no] timers-basic <update-timer> <aging-timeout-interval> <garbage-collection-timer></garbage-collection-timer></aging-timeout-interval></update-timer>	ARISTANDCA_BROCADE01363517 ARISTANDCA_BROCADE00062898
timers throttle spf	timers { Isa-group-pacing interval throttle spf start hold max }	ARISTANDCA BROCADE01785618

EXHIBIT E

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 88 of 92 APPENDIX H.DE - Dell Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

Disputed Cisco Command	Dell Command Syntax	Dell Manual Bates Number
aaa accounting	aaa accounting {exec commands dot1x} {default list_name} {startstop stoponly none} [method1 [method2]] {radius tacacs radius tacacs tacacs radius}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
aaa accounting dot1x	aaa accounting {exec commands dot1x} {default list_name} {start- stop stop- only none} [method1 [method2]] {radius tacacs radius tacacs tacacs radius}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
aaa authentication login	aaa authentication login {default list-name} method1 [method2]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
aaa authorization config-commands	aaa authorization {commands exec network}{default list-name} method1	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
	[method2]	
address-family	address-family { ipv4 ipv6 }	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
aggregate-address	aggregate-address { ipv4-prefix mask ipv6-prefix/prefix-length } [as-set] [summary-only]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area default-cost	area areaid default-cost 1-16777215	DELL-ANETSUB00026077
area default-cost (OSPFv3)	area area-id default-cost cost	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area nssa	area area-id nssa [no-redistribution] [default-information-originate [metric metric-value] [metric-type metric-type-value]] [no-summary] [translator-role role] [translator-stab-intv interval]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area nssa (OSPFv3)	area area-id nssa [no-redistribution] [default-information-originate [metric-value] [metric-type metric-type-value]] [no-summary] [translator- role role]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area nssa default-information-originate	value] [metric-type metric-type-value]] [no-summary] [translator- role role]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area nssa default-information-originate (OSPFv3)	[translator-stab-intv interval] area area-id nssa [no-redistribution] [default-information-originate [metric metric-value] [metric-type metric-type-value]] [no-summary] [translator- role role]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area nssa no-summary	value] [metric-type metric-type-value]] [no-summary] [translator- role role]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area range	[translator-stab-intv interval] area area-id range prefix netmask {summarylink nssaexternallink} [advertise not- advertise [cost cost]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area range (OSPFv3)	area area-id range prefix netmask {summarylink nssaexternallink} [advertise not-advertise][cost cost]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area stub	area area-id stub	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
area stub (OSPFv3)	area area-id stub	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
arp timeout	arp timeout integer	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
banner login	banner login Message	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
banner motd	banner motd MESSAGE	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
bgp client-to-client reflection	bgp client-to-client reflection	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
bgp cluster-id	bgp cluster-id	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
bgp confederation identifier	bgp confederation identifier as-number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
bgp confederation peers bgp log-neighbor-changes	bgp confederation peers as-number [as-number] bgp log-neighbor-changes	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
boot system	boot system [unit-id][active backup]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
channel-group	channel-group port-channel-number mode {on active}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
clear arp-cache	clear arp-cache [vrf vrf-name] [gateway]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
clear counters	clear counters [vrf vrf-name stack-ports switchport interface-id]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
clear ip bgp	clear ip bgp {* as-number ipv4-address ipv6-address [interface interface-id] } [soft [in out]]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
clear ipv6 neighbors	clear ipv6 neighbors [vlan vlan-id]	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
clear IIdp counters	clear Ildp counters interface	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
clear lldp table	clear lldp table [interface-id]	DELL-ANETSUB00114148
clock set	clock set time month day year	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
clock timezone default-information originate (OSPF)	clock timezone timezone-name offset default-information originate [always] [metric metric-value] [metric-type type-value]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
default-information originate (OSPF) default-information originate (OSPFv3)	default-information originate [always] [metric.metric-value] [metric-type type-value] default-information originate [always]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695
default-metric (OSPF)	default-metric number	DELL-ANETSUB000191695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
default-metric (OSFF)	default-metric metric-value	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
distance bgp	distance bgp external-distance internal-distance local-distance	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
dot1x port-control	dot1x port-control {force-authorized auto force-unauthorized}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
dot1x reauthentication	dot1x reauthentication [interval seconds]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
dot1x system-auth-control	dot1x system-auth-control	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
dot1x timeout quiet-period	dot1x timeout quiet-period seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
dot1x timeout reauth-period	dot1x timeout re-authperiod seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
dot1x timeout tx-period	dot1x timeout tx-period seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
interface loopback	interface loopback number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
interface port-channel	interface port-channel channel-number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
interface vlan	interface vlan vlan-id	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip access-group	ip access-group access-list-name {in out} [implicit-permit] [vlan vlan-id]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip access-list	ip access-list standard access-list-name // ip access-list extended access-list-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip address	ip address ip-address mask [secondary]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip as-path access-list	ip as-path access-list as-path-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip dhen snooping vian	[no] ip dhcp snooping [no] ip dhcp snooping vlan <i>name</i>	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip dhcp snooping vlan ip domain lookup	ip domain-lookup	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695
		DELL-ANETSUB000131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip domain-name	ip domain-name <i>name</i>	DEFF-WINE LONDOUGT 2002

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 89 of 92 APPENDIX H.DE - Dell Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

ip helper-address ip host ip igmp last-member-query-count ip igmp last-member-query-interval ip igmp query-interval ip igmp query-max-response-time ip igmp snooping ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp poriginator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip helper-address ip-oddress default-vrf ip host name ip-address ip igmp last-member-query-count Imqc ip igmp last-member-query-interval milliseconds ip igmp query-interval seconds ip igmp query-max-response-time seconds ip igmp snooping enable ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mrouter interface interface-id // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address { list name } ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address } ip msdp originator-id {interface }	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp last-member-query-count ip igmp last-member-query-interval ip igmp query-interval ip igmp query-max-response-time ip igmp snooping ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp last-member-query-count Imqc ip igmp last-member-query-interval milliseconds ip igmp query-interval seconds ip igmp query-max-response-time seconds ip igmp snooping enable ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mrouter interface interface-id // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp last-member-query-interval ip igmp query-interval ip igmp query-max-response-time ip igmp snooping ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp last-member-query-interval milliseconds ip igmp query-interval seconds ip igmp query-max-response-time seconds ip igmp snooping enable ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mrouter interface interface-id // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp query-interval ip igmp query-max-response-time ip igmp snooping ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp query-interval seconds ip igmp query-max-response-time seconds ip igmp snooping enable ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mrouter interface interface-id // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp query-max-response-time ip igmp snooping ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp query-max-response-time seconds ip igmp snooping enable ip igmp snooping querier ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mrouter interface interface-id // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address }	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB000131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
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ip igmp snooping vlan ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mrouter interface interface-id // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	vlan vlan-id last-member-query-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	mcrtexpiretime time // ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id groupmembership-interval time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	time ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-id immediate-leave ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address }	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp startup-query-count ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp startup-query-count count ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp startup-query-interval ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp startup-query-interval seconds ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip igmp version ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip igmp version {2 3} ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address }	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp default-peer ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip msdp default-peer peer address [list name] ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address }	
ip msdp mesh-group ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip msdp mesh-group {name } {peer address }	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp originator-id ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out		
ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip msdp originator-id {interface }	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp peer ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out		DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp sa-filter in ip msdp sa-filter out	ip msdp peer peer address [connect-source] [description] [sa-limit number]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp sa-filter out		
	ip msdp sa-filter {in out} peer-address list [access-list name]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
lin mednen limit	ip msdp sa-filter (in out) peer-address list [access-list name]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp sa-limit	ip msdp sa-limit number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip msdp shutdown	ip msdp shutdown {peer address }	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip name-server	ip name-server ipv4-address [ipv4-address2ipv4-address6]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf authentication	ip ospf authentication {none {simple key} {encrypt key key-id}}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
ip ospf authentication-key	ip ospf authentication-key [encryption-type] key	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf cost	ip ospf cost <i>cost</i>	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf dead-interval	ip ospf dead-interval seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf hello-interval	ip ospf hello-interval seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf network	ip ospf network {broadcast point-to-point}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf priority	ip ospf priority number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf retransmit-interval	ip ospf retransmit-interval seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip ospf transmit-delay	ip ospf transmit-delay seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip pim dr-priority	ip pim dr-priority <i>priority-value</i>	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip prefix-list	ip prefix-list <i>prefix-name</i>	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip proxy-arp	ip proxy-arp	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip radius source-interface	ip radius source-interface interface	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip route	ip route vrf {vrf instance} destination mask {ip-address interface [ip-address]} [distance] [permanent] [tag tag-value]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ip routing	ip routing	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
ipv6 access-list	ipv6 access-list access-list-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 address	ipv6 address {ipv6-address prefix-length}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ļ. ·		DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 host	ipv6 host name ip-address	
ipv6 nd prefix	ipv6 nd prefix {ipv6-address /prefix-length > default} [no-advertise] [no-autoconfig] [no-rtr-address] [off-link] [lifetime {valid infinite} {preferred	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
iny6 neighbor	<pre>infinite}] ipv6 neighbor {ipv6-address } {interface interface } {hardware address }</pre>	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 neighbor		
ipv6 ospf area	ipv6 ospf process-id area area-id	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 ospf cost	ipv6 ospf cost interface-cost	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 ospf dead-interval	ipv6 ospf dead-interval seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 ospf hello-interval	ipv6 ospf hello-interval seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 ospf priority	ipv6 ospf priority number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 prefix-list	ipv6 prefix-list list-name { [seq seq-number] {permit deny} ipv6- prefix/prefix- length [ge ge-value] [le le-value] description text renumber renumber-interval	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
ipv6 route	first-statement-number } ipv6 route ipv6-address prefix-length {interface ipv6-address } [distance] [tag	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	value] [permanent]	
ipv6 router ospf	ipv6 router ospf <i>process-id</i>	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
ipv6 unicast-routing	ipv6 unicast-routing	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
isis hello-multiplier	isis hello-multiplier multiplier [level-1 level-2]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
isis metric	isis metric default-metric [level-1 level-2]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
isis priority	isis priority value [level-1 level-2]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
is-type	is-type {level-1 level-1-2 level-2-only}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
lacp port-priority	lacp port-priority priority-value	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
lacp system-priority	lacp system-priority priority-value	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
Ildp receive	lldp receive	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
lldp reinit	Ildp reinit-delay seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00122372
lldp run	lldp run no lldp run	DELL-ANETSUB00114148
lldp timer		DELL-ANETSUB00131695
lldp transmit	lldp transmit	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
	log-adjacency-changes	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
log-adjacency-changes	log-adjacency-changes	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
log-adjacency-changes log-adjacency-changes (IS-IS)		

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 90 of 92 APPENDIX H.DE - Dell Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

	-	•
logging host	logging host host_ip_address	DELL-ANETSUB00095249
mac access-group	mac access-group access-list-name {in [vlan vlan-range] out}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
mac access-list	mac access-list standard mac-list-name // mac access-list extended access-list-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
mac-address	mac-address mac-address	DELL-ANETSUB00026077
mac-address-table aging-time	mac-address-table aging-time seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
mac-address-table static	mac-address-table static mac-address output interface vlan vlan-id	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
maximum-paths	maximum-paths {ebgp ibgp} number // maximum-paths number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
maximum-paths (OSPFv3)	maximum-paths number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor activate	neighbor [ip-address peer-group-name] activate	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor allowas-in	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} allowas-in number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor default-originate	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} default-originate [route-map map-name]	
neighbor description	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name } description text	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor ebgp-multihop	neighbor {ipv6-address peer-group-name} ebgp-multihop [ttl]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor local-as	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} local-as as -number [no-prepend]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor next-hop-self	neighbor (ip-address peer-group-name) next-hop-self	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor password	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} password [encryption-type] password	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor peer-group (assigning members)	neighbor ip-address peer-group peer-group-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor peer-group (creating)	neighbor peer-group-name peer-group	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor remote-as	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name } remote-as number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor remove-private-as	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} remove-private-as	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor route-map	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name } route-map map-name {in out}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor route-reflector-client	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} route-reflector-client	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor shutdown	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} shutdown	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor timers	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} timers keepalive holdtime	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor update-source	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} undate-source interface	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
neighbor weight	- 11 - 11 - 1	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	neighbor {ip-address peer-group-name} weight weight	
passive-interface	passive-interface interface	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
passive-interface (OSPFv3)	passive-interface {default interface }	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
port-channel load-balance	port-channel load-balance {layer-2 layer-2-3 layer-2-3-4}	DELL-ANETSUB00122372
private-vlan	[no] private-vlan mode (community isolated primary)	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
radius-server deadtime	radius-server deadtime deadtime	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
radius-server host	radius-server host {hostname ipv4-address ipv6-address } [auth-port port- number] [retransmit retries] [timeout seconds] [key [encryption-type] key]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
radius corver kov	radius conver key force union tune l key	DELL ANETSLIDOGGAGESE
radius-server key	radius-server key [encryption-type] key	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
radius-server retransmit	radius-server retransmit retries	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
radius-server timeout	Iradius corver timeout seconds	
server enneedt	radius-server timeout seconds	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map	route-map map-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map	route-map map-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp	route-map map-name router bgp as-number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3)	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp	route-map map-name router bgp as-number p router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router-rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summarv] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB000131695
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router-rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics	router-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB000131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFV3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces	route-map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces interface	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces	route-map map-name router bgp as-number p router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] summarv show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface show interfaces [interface] description	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces show interfaces	router map map-name router bgp as-number p router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] summarv show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] status	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces status show interfaces switchport	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] status show interfaces switchport [interface [linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router-rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport	router map map-name router bgp as-number p router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] summarv show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] status	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces description show interfaces switchport	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summarv] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] status show interfaces switchport [interface [linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router-rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show hosts show interfaces interface show interfaces [interface] linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet] tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface.	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router-rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport backup	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show hosts show interfaces interface show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface] linecard slot-number] status show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet] tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface.	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport backup show interfaces transceiver show inventory show inpaccess-lists	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show hosts show interfaces interface show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface] linecard slot-number] status show interfaces switchport [interface [linecard slot-number]] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet] tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface. show interfaces [gigabitethernet] tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show interfaces [gigabitethernet] tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show interfaces [gigabitethernet] [tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show inventory [media slot] show inventory [media slot]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces description show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport backup show interfaces transceiver show inventory show ip access-lists show ip bgp	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summarv] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface] [linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces switchport [interface [linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface. show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show inventory [media slot] show ip access-lists [access-list-name] [interface interface] [in out] show ip bg [ipv4 unicast] [network [network-mask] [longer-prefixes]]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces status show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport backup show interfaces transceiver show inventory show ip access-lists	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summarv] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show otnownent [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface] linecard slot-number] status show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface. show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show inventory [media slot] show ip access-lists [access-list-name] [interface interface] [in out] show ip bgp [ipv4 unicast] [network [network-mask] [longer-prefixes]] show ip bgp [ipv4 unicast] community [community-number] [local-as] [no-export]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
route-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces status show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport backup show interfaces transceiver show inventory show ip access-lists show ip bgp	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summarv] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface] description show interfaces [interface] [linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces switchport [interface [linecard slot-number] stack-unit unit-id] show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface. show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show inventory [media slot] show ip access-lists [access-list-name] [interface interface] [in out] show ip bg [ipv4 unicast] [network [network-mask] [longer-prefixes]]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535
router-map router bgp router isis router ospf router rip router-id router-id (OSPFv3) set-overload-bit show arp show bfd neighbors show clock show dot1q-tunnel show dot1x show dot1x statistics show environment all show hosts show interfaces show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport show interfaces switchport show interfaces transceiver show interfaces transceiver show inventory show ip access-lists show ip bgp show ip bgp community	router map map-name router bgp as-number ip router isis [tag] // ipv6 router isis [tag] router ospf process-id [vrf {vrf name}] router rip router-id ip-address router-id ip-address set-overload-bit show arp [vrf vrf name] [interface interface ip ip-address [mask] macaddress mac-address [mac-address mask]] [cpu {cp rp1 rp2}] [static dynamic] [summary] show bfd neighbors interface [detail] show clock [detail] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id [statistics]] show dot1x [interface interface-id [statistics]] show environment [all fan linecard linecard-voltage PEM RPM SFM] show hosts show interfaces [interface description show interfaces [interface linecard slot-number] status show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver Enter the keyword backup to view the backup interface for this interface. show interfaces [gigabitethernet tengigabitethernet] slot/port transceiver show inventory [media slot] show ip access-lists [access-list-name] [interface interface] [in out] show ip bgp [ipv4 unicast] [network [network-mask] [longer-prefixes]] show ip bgp [ipv4 unicast] neighbors [ipv4-neighbor-addr ipv6-neighbor-addr [advertised-routes dampened-routes detail flap-statistics routes {received-	DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB00131695 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB0019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 91 of 92 APPENDIX H.DE - Dell Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

show ip bgp [ipv4 unicast] peer-group [peer-group-name [detail | summary]] show ip bgp peer-group DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip bgp regexp show ip bgp regexp regular-expression [character] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip bgp summary show ip bgp [ipv4 unicast] summary show ip dhcp snooping show ip dhcp snooping [binding | source-address-validation] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip helper-address show ip helper-address [vrf vrf-name][intf-address] DELL-ANETSUB00131695 show ip igmp groups [group-address [detail] | detail | interface [group-address DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip igmp groups show ip igmp interface show ip igmp interface [interface] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip igmp snooping groups show ip igmp snooping groups [vlan vlan-id] [address ip-multicast-address] DELL-ANETSUB00131695 show ip igmp snooping mrouter show ip igmp snooping mrouter [vlan number] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip interface show ip interface [interface | brief | linecard slot-number] [configuration] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip interface brief show ip interface [interface | brief | linecard slot-number] [configuration] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip ospf show ip ospf process-id [vrf vrf name] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip ospf interface show ip ospf process-id interface [interface] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip ospf neighbor show ip ospf process-id neighbor DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip pim interface show ip pim interface DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip pim neighbor show ip pim neighbor DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip pim rp show ip pim rp [mapping | group-address] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip rip database show ip rip database [ip-address mask] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ip route show ip route [vrf [vrf name] hostname | ip-address [mask] [longer-prefixes] | list DELL-ANETSUB00019535 prefix-list | protocol [process-id | routing-tag] | all | connected | static | summary show ip route summary show ip route summary DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ipv6 interface interface [brief] [configured] [gigabitethernet slot | slot/port] show ipv6 interface DELL-ANETSUB00019535 [linecard slot-number] [loopback interface-number] [managementethernet slot/port] [port-channel number] [tengigabitethernet slot | slot/port] [vlan vlanshow ipv6 neighbors [ipv6-address] [cpu {rp1 [ipv6-address] | rp2 [ipv6-address]}] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ipv6 neighbors [interface interface] show ipv6 ospf interface show ipv6 ospf [interface] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ipv6 ospf neighbor show ipv6 ospf neighbor [interface] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show ipv6 route show jpv6 route [jpv6-address prefix-length] [hostname] [all] [bgp as number] [connected] [isis tag] [list prefix-list name] [ospf process-id] [rip] [static] [summary show ipv6 route summary show ipv6 route [ipv6-address prefix-length] [hostname] [all] [bgp as number] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 [connected] [isis tag] [list prefix-list name] [ospf process-id] [rip] [static] [summary DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show isis database show isis database [level-1 | level-2] [local] [detail | summary] [lspid] show isis interface show isis interface [interface] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show lacp counters show lacp port-channel-number [sys-id | counters] show Ildp neighbors show Ildp neighbors [interface] [detail] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show mac access-lists [access-list-name] [interface interface] [in | out] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show mac access-lists show mac-address-table show mac-address-table [dynamic | static] [address mac-address | interface DELL-ANETSUR00019535 interface | vlan vlan-id] [count [vlan vlan-id] [interface interface-type [slot [/port]]]] show mac-address-table aging-time [vlan vlan-id] DFLL-ANFTSUB00019535 show mac-address-table aging time show mac-address-table count show mac-address-table [dynamic | static] [address mac-address | interface DELL-ANETSUB00019535 interface | vlan vlan-id] [count [vlan vlan-id] [interface interface-type [slot [/port]]]] show monitor session show monitor session {session-ID} DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show policy-map interface {interface-id} {in | out} show policy-map interface DELL-ANETSUB00131695 show port-security [interface-id | all | dynamic interface-id | static interface-id | show port-security DELL-ANETSUB00131695 violation interface-id] show privilege DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00122116 show gos map [dscp-queue | tcp-port-queue | udp-port-queue show gos maps DELL-ANETSUB00131695 show radius show radius statistics [accounting | authentication] [{ipaddress | hostname | name servername}] show route-map show route-map [map-name] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show snmp show snmp show snmp engineID show snmp engineID DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show spanning-tree 0 [active | brief | guard | interface interface | root | summary show spanning-tree show spanning-tree blockedports DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show spanning-tree 0 [active | brief | guard | interface interface | root | summary DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show spanning-tree interface show spanning-tree mst configuration show spanning-tree mst configuration DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show storm-control broadcast [interface] //show storm-control multicast show storm-control [interface] // show storm-control unknown-unicast [interface show tacacs show tacacs [ip-address] DELL-ANETSUB00131695 show users show users [all] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show version show version show vlan show vlan [brief | id vlan-id | name vlan-name] DELL-ANETSUB00019535 show vlan internal usage DELL-ANETSUB00122372 show vlan internal usage show vlan private-vlan show vlan private-vlan [community | interface | isolated | primary | primary_vlan DELL-ANETSUB00019535

Case 5:14-cv-05344-BLF Document 379-37 Filed 07/14/16 Page 92 of 92 APPENDIX H.DE - Dell Usage of Disputed CLI Commands

snmp-server community	snmp-server community community-name {ro rw} [ipv6 ipv6-access-list-name	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	[ipv6 ipv6-access-list-name access-list-name security-name name] security-	
	name name [ipv6 ipv6-access-list-name access-list-name security-name name]	
	access-list-name ipv6 ipv6-access-list-name access-list-name security-name	
	name	2511 11157512222
snmp-server contact	snmp-server contact text	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
snmp-server enable traps	snmp-server enable traps [notification-type] [notification-option]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
snmp-server engineID local	snmp-server engineID [local engineID] [remote ip-address udp-port port-number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	engineID]	2511 1115771120001000
snmp-server engineID remote	snmp-server engineID [local engineID] [remote ip-address udp-port port-number	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	engineID]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
snmp-server group	snmp-server group [group_name {1 2c 3 {auth noauth priv}}] [read name]	DELL-AINETSUBUUU19555
	[write name] [notify name] [access-list-name ipv6 access-list-name access-list-	
spmp sonyor host	name ipv6 access-list-name snmp-server host ip-address ipv6-address [traps informs] [version 1 2c 3]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
snmp-server host	[auth no auth priv] [community-string] [udp-port port-number] [notification-	DELL-AINE 130 BOOO13333
	type]	
snmp-server location	snmp-server location text	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
snmp-server user	snmp-server user name {group name remote ip-address udp-port port-number}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	[1 2c 3] [encrypted] [auth {md5 sha} auth-password] [priv des56 priv	
	password] [access-list-name ipv6 access-list-name access-list-name ipv6	
	access-list-name	
snmp-server view	snmp-server view view-name oid-tree {included excluded}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
spanning-tree bpduguard	spanning-tree bpduguard {enable disable}	DELL-ANETSUB00114148
	no spanning-tree bpduguard	
spanning-tree cost	spanning-tree [vlan vlan-list] cost cost	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
spanning-tree link-type	spanning-tree link-type {auto point-to-point shared}	DELL-ANETSUB00095249
spanning-tree mode	spanning-tree mode {stp rstp mst pvst rapid-pvst}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
spanning-tree mst configuration	spanning-tree mst configuration	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
spanning-tree port-priority	spanning-tree [vlan vlan-id] port-priority priority	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
storm-control	storm-control broadcast [percentage decimal_value in out] [wred-profile	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	name]] [packets_per_second in] // storm-control multicast packets_per_second in	ı
	// storm-control unknown-unicast [percentage decimal_value [in out]] [wred-	
	profile	
	namell [packets_per_second in] //	
switchport access vlan	switchport access vlan <i>vlan-id</i>	DELL-ANETSUB00122116
switchport backup interface	[no] switchport backup interface {gigabit slot/port tengigabit slot/port port-	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	channel number}].	2511 11157711200010505
switchport mode	[no] switchport mode private-vlan {host promiscuous trunk}	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
switchport private-vlan mapping	switchport private-vlan {host-association primary-vlan-id secondary-vlan-id	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
switchport trunk allowed vlan	mapping primary-vlan-id [add remove] secondary-vlan-list} switchport trunk {allowed vlan vlan-list native vlan vlan-id}	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
switchport trunk allowed viail	switchport trunk (allowed vlan vlan-list native vlan vlan-lid)	DELL-ANETSUB00131695
tacacs-server host	tacacs-server host {hostname ipv4-address ipv6-address } [port number] [timeout seconds] [key key]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
tacacs-server key	tacacs-server key [encryption-type] key	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
tacacs-server timeout	tacacs-server host {hostname ipv4-address ipv6-address } [port number]	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
	[timeout seconds] [key key]	
terminal length	terminal length screen-length	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
timers bgp	timers bgp keepalive holdtime	DELL-ANETSUB00019535
vrrp delay reload	vrrp delay reload seconds	CSI-CLI-04785577
5.07 . 6.000	p delay reload seconds	